(19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



1 1850 D DINIBIDE IN BIOTIS BOOTS (BOL 1 IS 100 IND SIND SIND BIND BOOK BIND BIND IN BIND IN BOOK IND A SERVI

(43) International Publication Date 10 May 2001 (10.05.2001)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number WO 01/32604 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: C07C 235/84, 235/50, 235/60, C07D 213/82, C07C 233/78, 235/82, C07D 307/68, C07C 275/36, 275/38, 275/24, A61K 31/165, 31/455, 31/34, 31/17

(21) International Application Number: PCT/GB00/04249

(22) International Filing Date:

6 November 2000 (06.11.2000)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data: 9926286.7 5 November 19

Street, London WC1L 6BT (GB).

60/201,382

5 November 1999 (05.11.1999) G 2 May 2000 (02.05.2000) U

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): UNI-VERSITY COLLEGE LONDON [GB/GB]; Gower

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): SELWOOD, David [GB/GB]; University College London, The Wolfson Institute for Biomedical Research, The Cruciform Building, Gower Street, London WC1E 6AU (GB). GLEN, Robert [GB/GB]; University College London, The Wolfson Institute for Biomedical Research, The Cruciform Building, Gower Street, London WC1E 6AU (GB). REYNOLDS,

Karen [GB/GB]; University College London, The Wolfson Institute for Biomedical Research, The Cruciform Building, Gower Street, London WC1E 6AU (GB). WISHART, Grant [GB/GB]; University College London, The Wolfson Institute for Biomedical Research, The Cruciform Building, Gower Street, London WC1E 6AU (GB).

(74) Agent: WOODS, Geoffrey, Cortlett; J.A. Kemp & Co., 14 South Square, Gray's Inn, London WC1R 5LX (GB).

(81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

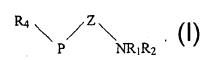
(84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

With international search report.

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: ACTIVATORS OF SOLUBLE GUANYLATE CYCLASE



(57) Abstract: Use of a compound of formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the activation of soluble guanylate cyclase, wherein: R_1 and R_2 are the same or different and each represent a C_1 - C_6 alkyl group, or R_1 and R_2 together form a C_3 - C_6 alkylene group; Z is a C_1 - C_4 alkylene group; P is a direct bond or a moiety -X-, -Y-, -W-, -XY-,

-YW- or -XYW-, wherein; W is -O-, -S-, or -NR₃, wherein R₃ is hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl; Y is a moiety -U-V- wherein V is a direct bond or a C₁-C₆ alkylene group and U is -CS-, -CO-, -S(O)₂- or -C(=NR)- wherein R is hydrogen, hydroxy or C₁-C₆ alkyl; X is -O- or -NR₆- wherein R₆ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₂-C₆ alkenyl, C₂-C₆ alkynyl, aryl or heteroaryl; and R₄ is C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₂-C₆ alkenyl, C₂-C₆ alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl, heterocyclyl, a group -R-A wherein R is -(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-, -(C₂-C₆ alkenyl)- or -(C₂-C₆ alkynyl)- and A is aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl, or R₄ is a group -COR", -CO₂R", -S(O)₂R" or -CONR'R" wherein R' is hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₂-C₆ alkenyl or C₂-C₆ alkynyl and R" is aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl.



ACTIVATORS OF SOLUBLE GUANYLATE CYCLASE

This invention relates to activators of soluble guanylate cyclase (sGC), to their preparation and to their use.

Soluble guanylate cyclase is responsible for the enzymatic conversion of guanosine-5'-triphosphate (GTP) to cyclic guanosine-3',5'-monophosphate (cGMP). The enzyme is stimulated by NO binding to the enzyme.

sGC is responsible for numerous physiological processes including vascular and non-vascular smooth muscle relaxation, peripheral and central neurotransmission, platelet reactivity and phototransduction (Hobbs A.J., TiPS, December 1997, Vol 18, p.484). Activators of sGC can therefore be expected to have valuable therapeutic properties.

As explained above, NO is known as an activator of sGC. However, this compound has a number of different physiological effects and its use in activating sGC therefore suffers from a myriad of side effects. There is therefore a need for selective activators of sGC.

3-(5'-hydroxymethyl-2'-furyl)-1-benzylindazole (YC-1) is a known NO independent activator of sGC (Hobbs, A.J., TiPS, December 1997, Vol 18, p.484). However, the activation achieved is not high.

Accordingly, the present invention provides the use of a compound of the formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the activation of soluble guanylate cyclase

$$R_4 \searrow Z \searrow NR_1R_2$$
 (I)

wherein:

5

10

15

20

- R₁ and R₂ are the same or different and each represent a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, or R₁ and R₂ together form a C₃-C₆ alkylene group;
- Z is a C₁-C₄ alkylene group;
- P is a direct bond or a moiety -X-, -Y-, -W-, -XY-, -YW- or -XYW-, wherein:
 - W is -O-, -S-, or -NR₃, wherein R_3 is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

Y is a moiety -U-V- wherein V is a direct bond or a C₁-C₆ alkylene group and U is -CS-, -CO-, -S(O)₂- or -C(=NR)-wherein R is hydrogen, hydroxy or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

X is -O- or -NR₆- wherein R₆ is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 alkynyl, aryl or heteroaryl; and

 R_4 is C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl, heterocyclyl, a group -R-A wherein R is -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-, -(C_2 - C_6 alkenyl)- or -(C_2 - C_6 alkynyl)- and A is aryl, heteroaryl, carbocycyl or heterocyclyl, or R_4 is a group -COR", -CO₂R", -S(O)₂R" or -CONR'R" wherein R' is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl or C_2 - C_6 alkynyl and R" is is aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl.

In the moiety P, the moiety -X-, when present, is attached to R_4 and the moiety W, when present, is attached to Z. In the moiety Y, the moiety V is attached to W or, if W is not present, to R_4 .

As used herein, a C_1 - C_6 alkyl group or moiety is a linear or branched alkyl group or moiety. Suitable alkyl groups and moieties include C_1 - C_4 alkyl groups and moieties, for example, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, i-propyl, n-butyl and t-butyl. Methyl, ethyl, n-propyl and t-butyl are preferred.

A C₁-C₆ alkyl group or moiety can be substituted or unsubstituted at any position. Typically, it is unsubstituted or carries 1, 2 or 3 substituents. Suitable substituents include C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ alkylthio, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyloxy, heterocyclythio, carbocyclyl, carbocyclyloxy, carbocyclylthio, oxo, -NR/R" wherein R' and R" are the same or different and are hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl, =NR, -COR, -CONR₁R, -CO₂R, -NR₂COR, -NR₂COR, -NR₂CONR₂R, -S(O)₂R and -S(O)₂NR₂R wherein each R₂ can be the same or different and represents hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl and each R can be the same or different and represents C₁-C₆ alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl, and

10

5

20

25

30

WO 01/32604

-S-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R''' and -O-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R''' wherein each R''' can be the same or different and represents aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl. Further, two substituents on the same atom can, together with the atom to which they are attached, form a carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl group.

5

Preferred substituents include oxo, halogen, C1-C6 alkyl, aryl, arylthio, aryloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylthio, heteroaryloxy and -NR'R", =N-R, -CONHR and -NHCO₂R wherein R, R' and R" are as defined above. Further, two preferred substituents on the same carbon atom may, together with the atom to which they are attached, form a carbocyclyl group, preferably a C3-C6 cycloalkyl group.

10

15

20

More preferred substituents are oxo, halogen, for example chlorine and fluorine, C₁-C₄ alkyl, for example methyl, ethyl or t-butyl, aryl, for example phenyl, -CONH-aryl, for example -CONH-phenyl, =N-aryl, for example =N-phenyl, -NH-.CO₂-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), heteroarylthio, for example pyrimidinethio and -CO-aryl, for example -CO-phenyl. It is also preferred that two substituents on the same carbon atom may, together with the atom to which they are attached, form a C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group.

As used herein, a C2-C6 alkenyl group or moiety is a linear or branched

alkenyl group or moiety. Suitable alkenyl groups and moieties include C2-C4 alkenyl groups and moieties such as ethenyl, propenyl and butenyl groups and moieties.

Ethenyl and propenyl are preferred. A C2-C6 alkenyl group or moiety may be

substituted or unsubstituted at any position. A C2-C6 alkenyl group is typically unsubstituted or carries 1, 2, 3 or 4

25

substituents. Preferably, it carries at least two substituents. Suitable substituents include oxo, C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 alkylthio, C1-C6 alkoxy, C1-C6 haloalkyl, for example -CF3 and -CCl3, C1-C6 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF3 and -OCCl3, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyloxy, heterocyclythio, carbocyclyl, carbocyclyloxy, carbocyclylthio, -NR'R" wherein R' and R" are the same or different and are hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl, =N-R, -COR, -CONR₁R, -CO₂R, -NR₂COR, -NR/CO₂R, -NR/CONR/R, -S(O)₂R and -S(O)₂NR/R wherein each R/ can be the same or different and represents hydrogen or C1-C6 alkyl and each R can be the same or

WO 01/32604

5

10

15

. 20

25

30

different and represents C_1 - C_6 alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl, and -S-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R''' and -O-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R''' wherein each R''' can be the same or different and represents aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl. Further, two substituents on the same atom can, together with the atom to which they are attached, form a carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl group.

Preferred substituents include oxo, halogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, aryl, arylthio, aryloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylthio, heteroaryloxy and -NR'R", =N-R, -CONHR and -NHCO₂R wherein R, R' and R" are as defined above. Further, two preferred substituents on the same carbon atom may, together with the atom to which they are attached, form a carbocyclyl group, preferably a C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl group.

More preferred substituents are halogen, for example chlorine and fluorine, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, for example methyl, ethyl or t-butyl, aryl, for example phenyl, heteroaryl, for example furanyl, -CONH-aryl, for example -CONH-phenyl, -NH- CO_2 - $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl), -NH-CO-aryl, for example -NH-CO-phenyl, heteroarylthio, for example pyrimidinethio and -CO-aryl, for example -CO-phenyl. It is also preferred that two substituents on the same carbon atom may, together with the atom to which they are attached, form a C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl group.

A C₂-C₆ alkynyl group or moiety is typically an ethynyl, propynyl or butynyl group or moiety. It may be substituted or unsubstituted at any position. Typically, it is unsubstituted or carries 1 or 2 substituents. Suitable substituents include C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ alkylthio, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyloxy, carbocyclylthio, -NR'R" wherein R' and R" are the same or different and are hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl, -COR, -CONR₁R, -CO₂R, -NR₂COR, -NR₂CO₂R, -NR₃CONR₂R, -S(O)₂R and -S(O)₂NR₂R wherein each R₂ can be the same or different and represents hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl and each R can be the same or different and represents C₁-C₆ alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl, and -S-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-R" and -O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-R" wherein each R" can be the same or different and represents aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl. Further, two substituents on the same

atom can, together with the atom to which they are attached, form a carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl group.

Preferred substituents include halogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, aryl, arylthio, aryloxy, heteroaryl, heteroarylthio, heteroaryloxy and -CONHR and -NHCO₂R wherein R is as defined above. Further, two preferred substituents on the same carbon atom may, together with the atom to which they are attached, form a carbocyclyl group, preferably a C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl group.

5

10

15

20

25

30

More preferred substituents are halogen, for example chlorine and fluorine, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, for example methyl, ethyl or t-butyl, aryl, for example phenyl, -CONH-aryl, for example -CONH-phenyl, -NH-CO₂-(C_1 - C_4 alkyl), heteroarylthio, for example pyrimidinethio and -CO-aryl, for example -CO-phenyl. It is also preferred that two substituents on the same carbon atom may, together with the atom to which

A C_1 - C_6 alkoxy group is typically a said C_1 - C_6 alkyl group attached to an oxygen atom. A C_1 - C_6 alkylthio group is typically a said C_1 - C_6 alkyl group attached to a sulphur atom.

they are attached, form a C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group.

As used herein, a said alkylene group is a divalent alkyl moiety. It may be unsubstituted or substituted at any position. Typically, it is unsubstituted or monosubstituted. Suitable substituents include halogen, for example chlorine and flourine, hydroxy, C_1 - C_4 alkyl such as methyl and ethyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, for example methoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃ and C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃. These substituents are typically themselves unsubstituted.

A halogen is typically chlorine, fluorine, bromine or iodine. It is preferably chlorine.

A haloalkyl or haloalkoxy group is typically a said alkyl or alkoxy group substituted by one or more said halogen atoms. Typically, it is substituted by 1, 2 or 3 said halogen atoms. Preferred haloalkyl and haloalkoxy groups include perhaloalkyl and perhaloalkoxy groups such as -CX₃ and -OCX₃ wherein X is a said halogen atom. Particularly preferred haloalkyl groups are CF₃ and CCl₃. Particularly preferred haloalkoxy groups are -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃.

10

15

20

25

30

As used herein, an aryl group or moiety is typically a C_6 - C_{20} aryl group or moiety. Suitable such aryl groups and moieties include phenyl, naphthyl and pyrenyl. Phenyl and pyrenyl are preferred.

An aryl group or moiety may be substituted or unsubstituted at any position. Typically, it is unsubstituted or carries 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents. Suitable substituents include C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ alkylthio, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, halogen, cyano, hydroxy, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, heterocyclyl, carbocyclyloxy, carbocyclyl, heterocyclyloxy, heterocyclythio, carbocyclyl, carbocyclyloxy, carbocyclylthio, -NR/R" wherein R' and R" are the same or different and are hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl, -COR, -CONR,R, -CO₂R, -NR,COR, -NR,CO₂R, -NR,CONR, R, -S(O)₂R and -S(O)₂NR,R wherein each R, can be the same or different and represents hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl and each R can be the same or different and represents C₁-C₆ alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl, and -S-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-R" wherein each R" can be the same or different and represents aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl.

Preferred substituents include C₁-C₆ alkyl, for example methyl and ethyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, for example methoxy, C₁-C₆ alkylthio, for example methylthio, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, halogen, for example chlorine and fluorine, nitro, cyano, aryl, for example phenyl, aryloxy, for example phenyloxy, arylthio, for example phenylthio, heteroaryl, heteroarylthio, heterocyclyl, -NR'R" wherein R' and R" are the same or different and are hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl, -CONH-(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -NHCONH-R wherein R is aryl, for example phenyl, or heteroaryl, -S(O)₂NHR' wherein R' is aryl, for example phenyl, or heteroaryl, -S-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-R" wherein R" is aryl, for example phenyl, or heteroaryl and -COR" wherein R" is heterocycyl, heteroaryl or aryl.

Particularly preferred substituents are phenyl, in particular 4-phenyl, phenoxy, in particular 2-phenoxy, phenylthio, halogen, -CF₃, -CCl₃, nitro, cyano, -OCF₃, -OCCl₃, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₁-C₄ alkylthio, -CONH-(C₁-C₄ alkyl), -CO-phenyl, -S(O)₂NH-phenyl, -S-(C₁-C₄ alkyl)-phenyl, -S-(C₁-C₄ alkyl)-pyrazole,

10

15

20

25

-S-(C_1 - C_4 alkyl)-pyrimidine, -(C_1 - C_4 alkyl)-NH-CO₂-(C_1 - C_4 alkyl), thiazole, -COR wherein R is benzothiophenyl or β -carbolinyl and -NH-(CH_2)_nNR/R" wherein n is from 2 to 4 and R' and R" are the same or different and are C_1 - C_4 alkyl.

An aryl group or moiety may be fused to a further said aryl group or to a carbocyclic, heterocyclic or heteroaryl group. For example, an aryl group may be fused to a pyridine ring to form a quinoline or isoquinoline group, or to a furan ring. It may also, for example, be fused to a cyclopropyl or cyclohexyl group or to a tetrahydrofuryl group, a 1,4-dioxolane group or a pyrimidone ring, for example a 4-pyrimidone ring.

As used herein, a carbocyclic group or moiety is a non-aromatic, saturated or unsaturated carbocyclic group or moiety. Typically, it has from 3 to 10, for example from 3 to 8, carbon atoms. Preferably, it has from 3 to 8, for example 3 to 6, carbon atoms. Examples of suitable carbocyclic groups include cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclopetadienyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl and cycloctanyl groups. Preferred carbocyclic groups include cyclohexyl, cyclooctanyl and cyclohexenyl groups.

A carbocyclic group or moiety may be unsubstituted or substituted at any position. Typically, it carries up to 3 substituents. Suitable substituents include oxo, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyloxy, carbocyclylthio, -NR/R" wherein R' and R" are the same or different and are hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl, =NR, -COR, -CONR/R, -CO₂R, -NR/COR, -NR/CO₂R, -NR/CO₂R, -NR/CONR/R, -S(O)₂R and -S(O)₂NR/R wherein each R/ can be the same or different and represents hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl and each R can be the same or different and represents C_1 - C_6 alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl, and -S-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R" and -O-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R" wherein each R'" can be the same or

-S-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-R["] and -O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-R["] wherein each R["] can be the same or different and represents aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl. Further, two substituents on the same atom can, together with the atom to which they are attached, form a carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl group.

Preferred substituents include oxo, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, for example methyl and ethyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, for example methoxy, C_1 - C_6 alkylthio, for example methylthio, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, halogen, for example chlorine and fluorine, nitro, cyano, aryl, for example phenyl, aryloxy, for example phenyloxy, arylthio, for example phenythio, heteroaryl, heteroarylthio, heterocyclyl, -CONH-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), -NHCONH-R wherein R is aryl, for example phenyl, or heteroaryl, -S(O)₂NHR" wherein R" is aryl, for example phenyl, or heteroaryl, -S-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R" wherein R" is aryl, for example phenyl, or heteroaryl, and -COR" wherein R" is heterocyclyl, heteroaryl or aryl.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Particularly preferred substituents are oxo, =N-aryl, for example =N-phenyl, aryl, for example phenyl, and -CO-aryl, for example -CO-phenyl.

A carbocyclic group or moiety may be fused to a further carbocyclic group or to an aryl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group.

A heteroaryl group or moiety is typically a 5- to 10- membered aryl ring containing at least one heteroatom, for example 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms, selected from O, S and N. Preferably, the heteroaryl group or moiety is a 5- or 6- membered ring.

Suitable heteroaryl groups and moieties include pyridyl, pyranyl, furanyl, thienyl, pyrazolidinyl, pyrrolyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, furazanyl, triazolyl and thiadiazolyl groups. Pyridyl, pyrrolyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, furanyl, pyrazinyl and 1, 2, 3-thiadiazolyl groups are preferred.

A heteroaryl group or moiety may be unsubstituted or substituted at any position. Typically, it is unsubstituted or carries up to three substituents. Suitable substituents include C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyloxy, heterocyclythio, carbocyclyl, carbocyclyloxy, carbocyclylthio, -NR/R" wherein R' and R" are the same or different and are hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl, -COR, -CONR,R, -CO₂R, -NR,COR, -NR,CO₂R, -NR,COR, -NR,CO₂R, wherein each R, can be the same or different

PCT/GB00/04249

and represents hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl and each R can be the same or different and represents C_1 - C_6 alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl, and -S- $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-R''' and -O- $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-R''' wherein each R''' can be the same or different and represents aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl.

5

Preferred substituents include C_1 - C_6 alkyl, for example methyl and ethyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, for example methoxy, C_1 - C_6 alkylthio, for example methylthio, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, halogen, for example chlorine, cyano, nitro, aryl, for example phenyl, aryloxy, for example phenoxy, arylthio, for example phenylthio and -O-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R, -S-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R, -CO-R and -CO-NH-R, wherein R is an aryl group, for example a phenyl group.

10

Particularly preferred substituents include phenyl, halogen, for example chlorine, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, for example methyl, - CF_3 , - CCl_3 , - OCF_3 , - $OCCl_3$, phenylthio, phenoxy, -S-(C_1 - C_4 alkyl)-CONH-phenyl, -S-(C_1 - C_4 alkyl)-phenyl, -O-(C_1 - C_4 alkyl)-phenyl, -CO-phenyl, cyano, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, nitro,

15

A heteroaryl group may be fused to a said aryl or carbocyclic group or to a further heteroaryl group or to a heterocyclic group. Examples of such fused heteroaryl groups include quinolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, benzothiophenyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridyl and β-carbolinyl groups.

2,3-dihydrobenzafuranyl and -CO-NH-(1, 2, 3, 4-tetrahydranaphthalen-8-yl).

20

As used herein, a heterocyclic group or moiety is a non-aromatic, saturated or unsaturated cyclic group or moiety containing at least one, for example, one, two or three, heteroatoms selected from N, O and S. Typically, it is a 3- to 6- membered ring. Preferably, it is a 5- or 6- membered ring containing, as heteroatoms, one or two nitrogen atoms.

25

30

Suitable heterocyclic groups and moieties include pyrazolidinyl, piperidyl, piperazinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolidinyl, imidazolinyl, pyrazolinyl, 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyranyl, tetrahydropyrimidinyl (for example 1,2,3,4- or 1,4,5,6-tetrahydrapyrimidinyl), 2-hydropyridinyl, 2-hydrothiazolyl, tetrahydropyridinyl (for example 1,2,5,6- or 2,3,4,5-tetrahydropyridinyl) and tetrahydropyridazinyl, for example 3,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridazinyl.

A heterocyclic group or moiety may be substituted or unsubstituted at any position. Typically, it is unsubstituted or carries 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 substituents. Suitable substituents include oxo, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ alkylthio, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyloxy, heterocyclythio, carbocyclyl, carbocyclyloxy, carbocyclylthio, -NR'R" wherein R' and R" are the same or different and are hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl, =NR, -COR, -CONR₂R, -CO₂R, -NR₂COR, -NR₂COR, -NR₂COR, -NR₃COR, -NR₄CO₂R, -NR₃COR, -S(O)₂R and -S(O)₂NR₄R wherein each R₂ can be the same or different and represents hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl and each R can be the same or different and represents C₁-C₆ alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl, and -S-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-R" and -O-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-R" wherein each R" can be the same or different and represents aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl. Further, two substituents on the same atom can, together with the atom to which they are attached, form a carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl group.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Preferred substituents include oxo, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, for example methyl and ethyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, for example methoxy, C_1 - C_6 alkylthio, for example methylthio, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, halogen, for example chlorine and fluorine, nitro, cyano, aryl, for example phenyl, aryloxy, for example phenyloxy, arylthio, for example phenythio, heteroaryl, heteroarylthio, heterocyclyl, -CONH-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl), -NHCONH-R wherein R is aryl, for example phenyl, or heteroaryl, -S(O)₂NHR" wherein R" is aryl, for example phenyl, or heteroaryl, -S-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R" wherein R" is aryl, for example phenyl, or heteroaryl, and -COR" wherein R" is heterocyclyl, heteroaryl or aryl.

Particularly preferred substituents are oxo, =N-aryl, for example =N-Ph, aryl, for example phenyl, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, for example methyl and ethyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, for example methoxy and ethoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃ and C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃.

Heterocyclic groups carrying one oxo substituent and up to 2, for example 0, 1 or 2, further substituents are particularly prefered.

A heterocyclic group or moiety may be fused to a further said heterocyclic group or to a said carbocyclic, aryl or heteroaryl group. Typically, it is non-fused or is fused to a benzene ring or to an iodole group. Examples of such fused heterocyclic groups include chromanyl and chromonyl groups.

5

An aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy or carbocyclyloxy group is typically a said aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl group attached to an oxygen atom. An arylthio, heteroarylthio, heterocyclylthio or carbocyclylthio group is typically a said aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl group attached to a sulphur atom.

10

15

Typically, R_1 and R_2 are the same or different and represent methyl, ethyl, propyl, n-butyl or t-butyl. Preferably the groups represented by R_1 and R_2 are unsubstituted or carry one or two substituents. Preferred substituents for R_1 and R_2 include C_1 - C_4 alkyl, for example methyl and ethyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, for example methoxy and ethoxy, halogen, for example chlorine, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃ and C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃. Typically, these substituents are themselves unsubstituted.

More preferably, R₁ and R₂ are methyl or R₁ and R₂ together form a

n-butylene group.

20

Z is methylene, ethylene, propylene or butylene and is preferably propylene. Preferably Z is unsubstituted, monosubstituted or disubstituted. Preferred substituents for Z include C_1 - C_4 alkyl, for example methyl and ethyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, for example methoxy and ethoxy, halogen, for example chlorine, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, for example - CF_3 and - CCl_3 and C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, for example - OCF_3 and - $OCCl_3$. Typically, these substituents are themselves unsubstituted. Particularly preferred substituteds for Z are C_1 - C_4 alkyl groups, in particular methyl groups. A preferred substituted alkylene group is 2,2-dimethylpropylene.

25

Typically, the moiety P is -Y-, -XY-, -YW- or -XYW-. Preferably, the moiety P is -XYW- or -YW-. When P is -W- or is a direct bond, R₄ is typically an aryl, heteroaryl or heterocyclyl moiety and/or is typically substituted by an aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl substituent.

30

Typically, W is -O- or -NR₃. Typically, R₃ is hydrogen or is methyl, ethyl,

10

15

20

25

30

propyl, n-butyl or t-butyl. Preferably, R_3 is unsubstituted or carries one or two substituents. Preferred substituents for R_3 include C_1 - C_4 alkyl, for example methyl and ethyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, for example methoxy and ethoxy, halogen, for example chlorine, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃ and C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃. Typically, these substituents are themselves unsubstituted.

More preferably, R_3 is hydrogen or methyl, most preferably hydrogen. V is preferably a direct bond. U is preferably -CO-, -S(O)₂-, -C(=NH)- or -C(=NOH)-, more preferably -CO-.

X is typically -NR₆-. When X is a group -NR₆-, R₆ is typically C_1 - C_4 alkyl, for example methyl, ethyl, propyl, n-butyl and t-butyl, aryl, for example phenyl, or heteroaryl, for example pyridyl. Preferably, R₆ is unsubstituted or carries 1, 2 or 3 substituents. Preferred substituents for R₆ include C_1 - C_4 alkyl, for example methyl and ethyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy such as methoxy or ethoxy, halogen, for example fluorine or chlorine, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, cyano, nitro and -NR'R" wherein R' and R" are the same or different and are hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 alkyl. Typically, these substituents are themselves unsubstituted.

Preferably, X is -NH-.

Typically, the group R_4 has up to 30 carbon atoms and up to 10 heteroatoms selected from N, O and S. Preferably, it has up to 25 carbon atoms and up to 7 heteroatoms. Typically, the group R_4 contains at least one, preferably at least two, aryl or heteroaryl rings.

Preferably, R_4 is C_1 - C_6 alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl, heterocyclyl, -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-aryl, -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-heteroaryl or -COR", -CO₂R" or -CONR'R" wherein R' is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl and R" is an aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl or heteroaryl group.

Suitable substituents for the group R_4 are oxo, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy, for example -OCF₃ and -OCCl₃, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyloxy,

heterocyclythio, carbocyclyl, carbocyclyloxy, carbocyclylthio, -NR/R" wherein R' and R" are the same or different and are hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl, =NR, -COR, -CONR/R, -CO₂R, -NR/COR, -NR/CO₂R, -NR/CONR/R, -S(O)₂R and -S(O)₂NR/R wherein each R₁ can be the same or different and represents hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl and each R can be the same or different and represents C_1 - C_6 alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl, and -S-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R" and -O-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-R" wherein each R" can be the same or different and represents aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or carbocyclyl. Further, two substituents on the same atom can, together with the atom to which they are attached, form a carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl group. Substituents on the group R₄ may be further substituted.

Typically, when P is a direct bond, -O- or -NH-, R₄ is not a moiety (A) or (B).

20

25

30

5

10

wherein:

R'₁ is: hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, 3- to 6- membered heterocyclyl, -(C₁-C₄ alkyl)-R wherein R is aryl, heteroaryl or 3- to 6- membered heterocyclyl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, -CONA'₂, -COA" or -SO₂A" wherein each A' is the same or different and is selected from H, C₁-C₄ alkyl and aryl and each A" is the same or different and is selected from C₁-C₄ alkyl and aryl; and

R'₃ and R'₄ are either:

the same or different and selected from -CO₂A' wherein A' is as defined above, -CF₃, -CCl₃, halogen, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, -(C₁-C₄ alkyl)-aryl, -(C₁-C₄ alkyl)-heteroaryl, hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₃-C₆ carbocyclyl, 3- to 6- membered heterocyclyl, -SO₂NA'₂ wherein A' is

as defined above, and -CON Z_1Z_2 wherein Z_1 and Z_2 , which are the same or different, represent H, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, C_3 - C_6 carbocyclyl, 3- to 6- membered heterocyclyl or -(C_1 - C_4 alkyl)-R wherein R is aryl, heteroaryl, 3- to 6- membered heterocyclyl or C_3 - C_6 carbocyclyl, or Z_1 and Z_2 , together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, denote a 5- or 6- membered N-containing heterocyclic group; or

(b) different, one of R'₃ and R'₄ being aryl or heteroaryl and the other being as defined above

or R'₁ is as defined above and R'₃ and R'₄ together form the divalent group,
-(CH)₄-, which group is optionally substituted.

5

15

20

25

30

Preferably, R_4 is not a 3- or 5- pyrazole or a 3- indazole group when P is a direct bond, -O- or -NH-. More preferably R_4 is not a pyrazole or indazole group when P is a direct bond, -O- or -NH-. More typically, R_4 is not a 3- or 5- pyrazole or a 3- indazole group or, more preferably, a pyrazole or indazole group when P does not contain the moiety U.

More preferably, when P is a direct bond, -O- or -NH- and R_4 is a heteroaryl group, R_4 is a pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thiazolyl or thienyl group. R_4 is typically also a pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thiazolyl or thienyl group when P does not contain the moiety U and R_4 is a heteroaryl group. Suitable pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thiazolyl and thienyl groups include groups fused to a said aryl or said carbocyclic group or to a said heteroaryl or said heterocyclic group. In such compounds, R_4 may be substituted by one or more of the groups mentioned above as appropriate substituents for R_4 .

Preferred compounds of the invention are those in which X is $-NR_6$ - wherein R_6 is as defined above, and R_4 is aryl or heteroaryl. In these preferred compounds, P is typically -XYW-. Y is typically -CO-. W is typically -NR₃- wherein R_3 is as defined above. X is preferably -NH- and/or R_4 is preferably phenyl, thienyl or pyrazolyl.

In the above preferred compounds, when R_4 is phenyl it is typically substituted by a phenoxy group or by a phenylthio group, in particular a 2-phenoxy or 2-phenylthio group, or by a further phenyl group, in particular a 4-phenyl group. When R_4 is thienyl or pyrazolyl, it is typically substituted by a phenyl or phenylthio group. These substituents may be unsubstituted or may be further substituted at any position. Typically, they are unsubstituted or carry one, two or three further

substituents. Preferred further substituents include halogen, for example chlorine and fluorine, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, for example methyl and ethyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, for example methoxy and ethoxy, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, for example -CF₃ and -CCl₃, and -S(O)₂NH-phenyl. These further substituents are typically themselves unsubstituted.

In the above preferred compounds of the invention, R_4 is preferably 2-phenoxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-diphen-4-yl, 5-(4-chlorophenylthio)-thien-3-yl, 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-thien-2-yl, 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-pyrazol-3-yl or $-(C_6H_4)-S-(C_6H_4)-S(O)_2-NH-(C_6H_4)$.

Further preferred compounds of the invention are those in which P is -YW- and R_4 is an aryl, heterocyclyl or heteroaryl group. In these further preferred compounds, Y is typically -CO-. W is typically -NR₃- wherein R_3 is as defined above. Further, R_4 is preferably an oxo-substituted heterocyclic group such as a chromonyl group or is a pyrazolyl, thienyl, phenyl or indolyl group.

In the above further preferred compounds, R_4 is typically unsubstituted or substituted by one or more, for example, one, two or three substituents selected from C_1 - C_6 alkyl, for example t-butyl, phenyl, thiazolyl, phenylthio, cyano, nitro, C_1 - C_6 alkylthio, for example i-propylthio, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, halogen such as chlorine and -S- $(C_1$ - C_4 alkyl)-phenyl. These substituents may be unsubstituted or may be substituted at any position. Typically, they are unsubstituted or carry one, two or three further substituents. Preferred further substituents include halogen, for example chlorine, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, for example - CF_3 , phenyl and - $S(O)_2$ -NH-phenyl. These further substituents are typically themselves unsubstituted.

Additional preferred compounds of the invention are those in which P is -W-or -YW- wherein Y is -CO- and W is -O-.

Particularly preferred compounds of the invention are compounds of formula (I') and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof,

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_4 & Y & Z \\
X & N & NR_1R_2 \\
& R_3
\end{array}$$

25

5

10

15

10.

15

20

25

30

wherein:

- R₁ and R₂ are the same or different and each represent a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, or R₁ and R₂ together form an alkylene group having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms;
- Z is an alkylene group having from 2 to 4 carbon atoms;
- R₃ is hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;
- Y is -CO- or -S(O) $_2$ -;
- X is a direct bond or -NR₆- wherein R₆ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₂-C₆ alkenyl, C₂-C₆ alkynyl, aryl or heteroaryl; and
- R₄ is C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₂-C₆ alkenyl, C₂-C₆ alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl, heterocyclyl, a group -R-A wherein R is -(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-, -(C₂-C₆ alkenyl)- or -(C₂-C₆ alkynyl)- and A is aryl, heteroaryl, carbocycyl or heterocyclyl, or R₄ is a group -COR' or -CO₂R' wherein R' is aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl.

Further particularly preferred compounds of the invention are compounds of formula (I''), and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof

$$R_4 \xrightarrow{N} NR_1R_2 \qquad (1'')$$

wherein R_1 and R_2 are methyl or together form a n-butylene group, R_3 is hydrogen or methyl, R_4 is as defined in the formula (I) or in the formula (I') and X is a direct bond or is -NR₆- wherein R_6 is as defined above. Preferably, when X in the formula (I") is -NR₆-, R_4 is as defined as in the above preferred compounds of the invention. Preferably, when X in the formula (I") is a direct bond, R_4 is as defined in the above further preferred compounds of the invention.

The present invention includes pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of the invention. Suitable salts include salts with pharmaceutically

25

acceptable acids, both inorganic acids such as hydrochloric, sulphuric, phosphoric, diphosphoric, hydrobromic or nitric acid and organic acids such as citric, fumaric, maleic, malic, ascorbic, succinine, tartaric, benzoic, acetic, methanesulphonic, ethanesulphonic, benzenesulphonic or p-toluenesulphonic acid. Salts may also be formed with pharmaceutically acceptable bases such as alkali metal (eg sodium or potassium) and alkali earth metal (eg calcium or magnesium) hydroxides and organic bases such as alkyl amines, aralkyl amines or heterocyclic amines.

Particularly preferred compounds of the invention are: 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2-phenoxy-phenyl)-urea 1-[2-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-3-yl]-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-urea 10 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-pyren-1-ylmethyl-urea 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[(1R,2R)-5-phenyl-2-(1-phenyl-methanoyl)cyclohexyl]-urea 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[2-(4-phenoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-urea 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[3-methyl-5-(4-methyl-[1,2,3]thiadiazol-5-15 yl)-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-urea 2'-[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-biphenyl-2-carboxylic acid (4fluoro-phenyl)-amide N-(3-Chloro-4-methyl-phenyl)-4-[3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-3-20 phenyl-butyramide 1-[4-(4-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-thiophen-3-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)urea 1-[2-(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-quinolin-4-yl]-3-(4-dimethylamino-

1-(6-Bromo-2-thiophen-3-yl-quinolin-4-yl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea
1-[3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-cyano-5-isobutylsulfanyl-thiophen-2-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea
1-[6-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-cyclohex-3-enyl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea

30 1-(2-Benzylsulfanyl-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea 2-{2-[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-phenylsulfanyl}-N-phenyl-

propyl)-urea

30

benzenesulfonamide

1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2'-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-urea

N-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-2-{3-[3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-pyridin-

2-ylsulfanyl}-acetamide

1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-{2-[1-(1-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4,9-tetrahydro-b-

carbolin-2-yl)-methanoyl]-phenyl}-urea

8-{2-[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-phenylsulfanyl}-naphthalene-1-carboxylic acid methylamide

1-[1-(3,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridin-3-yl]-3-(3-

10 dimethylamino-propyl)-urea

1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(3-oxo-1,2,3-triphenyl-propyl)-urea

 $1-[5-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1\\ H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-(3-dichloro-phenyl)-1$

dimethylamino-propyl)-urea

1-{4-[4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-thiazol-2-yl]-phenyl}-3-(3-dimethylamino-

propyl)-urea

1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-thiophen-2-yl]-urea

 $1\hbox{-}[3\hbox{-}(4\hbox{-}tert\hbox{-}Butyl\hbox{-}benzyloxy)\hbox{-}thiophen\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}yl]\hbox{-}3\hbox{-}(3\hbox{-}dimethylamino\hbox{-}propyl)\hbox{-}$

urea

1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[4-(4-phenyl-thiazol-2-yl)-phenyl]-urea

20 1-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-benzylsulfanyl)-thiophen-2-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-

propyl)-urea

1-[2-(5-Chloro-1-methyl-3-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-4-ylmethylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-

3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea

1-[2-(4-Chloro-benzylsulfanyl)-3-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazolin-7-yl]-

25 3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea

1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-{4-[4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidin-2-

ylsulfanylmethyl]-phenyl}-urea

1-(4-Bromophenyl)-3-(3-(1-pyrrolidinyl) propyl) urea

1-(4-Bromophenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea

3-(4-Bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea

1-(3-Phenyl-5-methoxy phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea

	3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea
	1-(3-Nitrophenyl)-1-benzyl-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea
	1-Benzyl-1-(4-methyl-3-pyridinyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea
	1-Methyl-1-(3,5-bistrifluoromethylphenyl)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)urea
5	1-(2-Phenacyl-4-chorophenyl)-1-methyl-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea
	1-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) urea
	1-(3-Fluoro-5-trifluoromethylphenyl)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) urea
	1-(3-N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-benzylamino)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) urea
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-fluorobenzoyl]-benzamide
10	2-[1-(4-Chlorobenzoyl]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
	5-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	5-Chloro-3-phenyl-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
	amide
15	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-(2-phenylsulfamoyl-phenylsulfanyl)-
	benzamide
	2-Benzylsulfanyl-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
	6,8-Di-tert-butyl-4-oxo-4H-chromene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino
	-propyl)-amide
20	3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-cyano-5-isobutylsulfanyl-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid
	(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	4-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3-nitro-benzamide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-(4-phenyl-thiazol-2-yl)-benzamide
	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2-phenoxyphenyl)-urea
25	1-[4-(4-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-thiophen-3-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)
	-urea
•	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2'-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-urea
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-fluorobenzoyl]-benzamide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-phenoxy-benzamide
30	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-phenoxy-benzamide
	2-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-nicotinamide

	4'-n-Propyl-biphenyl-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
,	2-[1-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-methanoyl]-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid (3-
•	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	5-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-furan-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-
5	propyl)-amide
	2-[1-(4-Chlorobenzoyl]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
	2-Phenyl-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
1	2-[1-(4-Chloro-3-nitrobenzoyl)]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-pyren-1-yl-acetamide
0	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(3-methyl-benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)-
	methanoyl]-benzamide
	4-Chloro-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2-phenoxy-benzamide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(4-phenoxy-phenyl)-propionamide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(1-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4,9-tetrahydro-b-
15	carbolin-2-yl)-methanoyl]-benzamide
	1-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2,5-dimethyl-1-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	2-{1-[(3-Dimethylamino-propylcarbamoyl)-methyl]-cyclopentyl}-N-(4-
	trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-acetamide
20	8-[2-(3-Dimethylamino-propylcarbamoyl)-phenylsulfanyl]-naphthalene-1-
	carboxylic acid methylamide
	3-Methyl-5-(4-methyl-[1,2,3]thiadiazol-5-yl)-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-
	1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	6,8-Di-tert-butyl-4-oxo-4H-chromene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-
25	propyl)-amide
	2-(Furan-2-yl)-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	Biphenyl-2,2'-dicarboxylic acid 2'-[(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide]-2-[(4-
	fluoro-phenyl)-amide]
	3-Phenyl-pentanedioic acid (3-chloro-4-methyl-phenyl)-amide (3-
30	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	2-(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (3-

	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	6-Bromo-(2-thiophen-3-yl)-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-
	propyl)-amide
	3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-cyano-5-isobutylsulfanyl-thiophene-2-carboxylic aci
5	(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	4-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3-nitro-benzamide
	6-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-cyclohex-3-ene carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-
	propyl)-amide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-(2-phenylsulfamoyl-phenylsulfanyl)-
10	benzamide
	2'-Fluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amid
	2-Benzylsulfanyl-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
•	Pyrazine-2,3-dicarboxylic acid 2-[(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide] 3-
	[(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-naphthalen-1-yl)-amide]
15	2-[(3,5-Dichloro-phenylcarbamoyl)-methylsulfanyl]-N-(3-dimethylamino-
	propyl)-nicotinamide
	2-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino
	propyl)-amide
	2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
20	amide
	5-Chloro-1-(2,4-dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic
	acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	1-(2,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
25	5-Chloro-1-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic
	acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	1-(3,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	5-Chloro-1-(2,6-dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic
30	acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	1,1-Dimethyl-indan-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide

	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-ethyl-phenyl)-methanoyl]-benzamide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2,4,5-trimethyl-phenyl)-butyramide
	2-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-oxo-2,3,4-triphenyl-butyramide
5	5-(4-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-[1,2,3]thiadiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	2-(3-Chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-ylsulfanyl)-3-methyl-3H-imidazole-
	4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	2-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-[1,3]-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-
10	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	2-(2,3-Dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	2-(2,3-Dichloro-phenyl)-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-
	propyl)-amide
15	4-[4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-thiazol-2-yl]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
	5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
	amide
	4-Methyl-2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiazole-5-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
20	3-(4-tert-Butyl-benzyloxy)-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-
	propyl)-amide
	4-Oxo-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3,4-dihydro-phthalazine-1-carboxylic
	acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-4-oxo-4-phenyl-
25	butyramide
	5-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-(4-phenyl-thiazol-2-yl)-benzamide
	1-(2,4,5-Trichloro-phenylsulfonyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (3-
30	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	3-(3,4-Dichloro-benzylsulfanyl)-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-

pyridone

dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 5-Chloro-3-phenyl-1*H*-indole-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)amide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-1H-indol-3-yl]-5 acetamide 2-Phenyl-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylaminopropyl)-amide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-(7-ethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-4-oxo-4-phenylbutyramide Phenyl-trifluoromethyl-thieno[3,2-b]pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (3-10 dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 3-(4-Nitro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 2-(5-Chloro-1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-ylmethylsulfanyl)-N-(3dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide 15 2-(4-Chloro-benzylsulfanyl)-3-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-7 -carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-[4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidin-2 -ylsulfanylmethyl]-benzamide 1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-6-pyridone 20 1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(3-N,N-dimethylpropylamido)-6-pyridone 1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-2-pyridone 1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-2-pyridone 1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(N-[2,N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido])-2-pyridone 1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(N-[2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido])-6-pyridone 25 5-chloro-1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido)-6 -pyridone 5-chloro-3-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido)-1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-6pyridone 5-chloro-1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylaminoethylamido])-2-

5-chloro-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-(N',N'-dimethylamino)ethyl)amido-2pyridone 5-chloro-1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-N-(2-(N',N'-dimethylamino)ethyl) amido-2-pyridone 1-benzyl-5-chloro-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylamino]ethyl)carboxamido-6-5 pyridone 5-chloro-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylamino]ethyl)carboxamido -6-pyridone 4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl)pyrrole-2-N-dimethylaminopropylcarboxamide 4-[(N-[3-(N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl)]carboxamido]-2-phenylthiazole 10 4-(N-(3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl)carboxamido)-2-(4-pyridinyl)thiazole 2-[4-(N-[3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl]carboxamido)phenyl-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)]thiazole 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(4-[3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl]carboxamido)phenyl) 15. thiazole 1-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)-3-[N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl) carboxamido]-2[1H]-pyridone $N\hbox{-}(3-dimethylaminopropyl)\hbox{-}4\hbox{-}(3-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridyloxy)$ phenylsulfonamide N1-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-3-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridyl] 20 propanamide 3-(N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)carboxamido]-1-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl))-2 [1H]-pyridone 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)urea 1-(3-(dimethylamino)-propyl)-3-phenylurea 25 N1-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenyl]-N2-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl] ethanediamide N4-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methylisoxazole-4-c arboxamide N-[[3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methylisoxazol-4-yl]carbonyl]-N'-[3-(dimethyla 30 mino)propyl]urea

N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-[3-dimethylaminopropyl]urea N-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propylamino)-propionamide [3-(2-Ethyl-6-methyl-pyridin-3-yloxy)-propyl]-dimethyl-amine 8-(3-Dimethylamino-propoxy)-1,3,7-trimethyl-3,7-dihydro-purine-2,6-dione 2-(3-Dimethylamino-propylamino)-isophthalonitrile 5 Dimethylamino-(3-methyl-benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)-propan-1-one (HCl) N-Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3-diamine N,N-Dimethyl-N-(5-nitro-quinolin-8-yl)-propane-1,3-diamine 1-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea 2-Amino-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide 10 3-Phenyl-acrylic acid 3-dimethylamino-propyl ester 3,5-Dinitro-benzoic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester [4-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3H-thiazol-2-ylidene]phenyl-amine 3-Methyl-benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid dimethylamino-dimethyl-propyl ester 15 N'-(2-Chloro-4-nitro-phenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3-diamine [3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-5-(4-nitro-phenyl)-3H-thiazol-2-ylidene]phenyl-amine [3-(10,11-Dihydro-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)-propyl]-dimethylamine 20 2,3-Dimethyl-1H-indole-5-carboxylic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester N'-(3,4-Dinitro-5-pyridin-2-yl-thiophen-2-yl)-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3diamine Cyclooctyl-dithiocarbamic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester (HCl) N-(2,6-Difluoro-phenyl)-C-dimethylamino-acetamide 25 2-Acetylamino-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-acrylamide N-[2-[5-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-furan-2-yl]-1-(3-dimethylamino-propyl carbamoyl)-vinyl]-4-methyl-benzamide 2,6-Bis-(3-dimethylamino-propylamino)-3-nitro-benzonitrile N-[2-(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-phenyl]-N'-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-30 oxalamide

	3,5-Dichloro-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2,6-dimethoxy-benzamide
	2-Dimethylaminomethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-naphthalen-1-one (HCl)
	2-({1-[N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]-
	methanimidoyl}-amino)-6-fluoro-benzoic acid
5	2,4-Dichloro-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-N'-hydroxy-benzamidine
	3-(3-Methyl-ureido)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-2-carboxylic acid
	(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	5-Bromo-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2-hydroxy-benzamide
÷	N-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-6-(2-dimethylamino-ethylsulfanyl)-4-
0 .	trifluoromethyl-nicotinamide
	1-(2,6-Dichloro-benzyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
	(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-amide
	3-Amino-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-2-carboxylic acid
	(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
15	Certain compounds of the invention are novel. Thus, the present invention
	also provides a compound of the formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt
	thereof, in which R ₁ , R ₂ , Z, R ₃ , Y, X and R ₄ are as defined above except for:
	2-Benzylsulfanyl-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-phenoxy-benzamide
20	1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-6-pyridone
	1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(3-N,N-dimethylpropylamido)-6-pyridone
	1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-2-pyridone
	1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-2-pyridone
	1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(N-[2,N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido])-2-pyridone
25	1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(N-[2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido])-6-pyridone
	5-chloro-1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido)-6-
	pyridone
	5-chloro-3-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido)-1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-0
	pyridone
30	5-chloro-1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylaminoethylamido])-
	pyridone

5-chloro-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-(N',N'-dimethylamino)ethyl)amido-2pyridone 5-chloro-1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-N-(2-(N',N'-dimethylamino)ethyl) amido-2-pyridone 5 1-benzyl-5-chloro-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylamino]ethyl)carboxamido-6pyridone 5-chloro-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylamino]ethyl) carboxamido-6-pyridone 4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl)pyrrole-2-N-dimethylaminopropylcarboxamide 4-[(N-[3-(N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl)]carboxamido]-2-phenylthiazole 10 4-(N-(3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl)carboxamido)-2-(4-pyridinyl)thiazole 2-[4-(N-[3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl]carboxamido)phenyl-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl]thiazole 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(4-[3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl]carboxamido)phenyl) 15 thiazole 1-(3,5-bis(trofluoromethyl)benzyl)-3-[N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl) carboxamido]-2[1H]-pyridone N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-4-(3-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridyloxy) phenylsulfonamide N1-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-3-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridyl] 20 propanamide 3-(N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)carboxamido]-1-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl))-2 [1H]-pyridone 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)urea 1-(3-(dimethylamino)-propyl)-3-phenylurea 25 N1-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenyl]-N2-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl] ethanediamide N4-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methylisoxazole-4-c arboxamide N-[[3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methylisoxazol-4-yl]carbonyl]-N'-[3-30 (dimethylamino)propyl]urea

	N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-[3-dimethylaminopropyl]urea
	N-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propylamino)-propionamide
	[3-(2-Ethyl-6-methyl-pyridin-3-yloxy)-propyl]-dimethyl-amine
	8-(3-Dimethylamino-propoxy)-1,3,7-trimethyl-3,7-dihydro-purine-2,6-dione
5	2-(3-Dimethylamino-propylamino)-isophthalonitrile
	Dimethylamino-(3-methyl-benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)-propan-1-one (HCl)
	N-Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3-diamine
	N,N-Dimethyl-N-(5-nitro-quinolin-8-yl)-propane-1,3-diamine
	1-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea
0	2-Amino-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
	3-Phenyl-acrylic acid 3-dimethylamino-propyl ester
	3,5-Dinitro-benzoic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester
	[4-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3H-thiazol-2-ylidene]-
	phenyl-amine
15	3-Methyl-benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid dimethylamino-dimethyl-propyl ester
	N'-(2-Chloro-4-nitro-phenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3-diamine
	[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-5-(4-nitro-phenyl)-3H-thiazol-2-ylidene]-
	phenyl-amine
	[3-(10,11-Dihydro-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)-propyl]-dimethyl-
20	amine
	2,3-Dimethyl-1H-indole-5-carboxylic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester
	N'-(3,4-Dinitro-5-pyridin-2-yl-thiophen-2-yl)-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3-
	diamine
. •	Cyclooctyl-dithiocarbamic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester (HCl)
25	N-(2,6-Difluoro-phenyl)-C-dimethylamino-acetamide
	2-Acetylamino-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-acrylamide
	N-[2-[5-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-furan-2-yl]-1-(3-dimethylamino-
	propylcarbamoyl)-vinyl]-4-methyl-benzamide
	2,6-Bis-(3-dimethylamino-propylamino)-3-nitro-benzonitrile
30	N-[2-(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-phenyl]-N'-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
	oxalamide

3, 5- Dichloro-N- (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2, 6-dimethoxy-benzamide

2-Dimethylaminomethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-naphthalen-1-one (HCl)

2-({1-[N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]-

methanimidoyl}-amino)-6-fluoro-benzoic acid

2,4-Dichloro-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-N'-hydroxy-benzamidine

3-(3-Methyl-ureido)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-2-carboxylic acid

(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide

5-Bromo-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2-hydroxy-benzamide

N-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-6-(2-dimethylamino-ethylsulfanyl)-4-

10 trifluoromethyl-nicotinamide

1-(2,6-Dichloro-benzyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic acid

(2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-amide

3-Amino-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-2-carboxylic acid

(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide

Compounds of the invention in which P is -U-W- may be prepared by reacting a compound of formula (II)

$$\mathbb{Z}_{NR_1R_2}$$
 (II)

20

15.

5

wherein Z, R_1 and R_2 are as defined above and W' is a group WH wherein W is as defined above, with a compound of formula (III)

25

$$R_{\Delta} - U'$$
 (III)

wherein R₄ is as defined above and U' is a group -UL wherein U is as defined above and L is a hydroxy group or a leaving group such as a halogen atom.

Compounds of formulae (II) and (III) are known compounds, or may be prepared by analogy with known methods.

Typically, the reaction takes place in the presence of a base such as diisopropylethylamine or the equivalent polymer bound resin N,N- (diisopropyl)amino-methylpolystyrene resin (PS-DIEA), and a coupling agent such as O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N,N-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU). The reaction typically takes place in a solvent such as acetonitrile at a temperature of from 0 to 100 °C, preferably from 20 to 80 °C. The work-up typically involves the use of a sequestration enabling reagent such as tetrafluorophthalic anhydride and polymer bound scavenger resins to remove unwanted starting materials. Such techniques are described in Parlow et al Tetrahedron Lett., 1997, 38, 7959.

Compounds of the invention wherein P is -NH-CO-W- can be prepared by reacting a compound of formula (II) above with a compound of formula (IV)

 $R_4 - N = C = O$ (IV)

wherein R₄ is as defined above.

5

10

15

20

25

Typically, the reaction takes place in a hydrocarbon solvent such as toluene at a temperature of from 0 to 100 °C. The work-up typically involves the use of a sequestration enabling reagent such as tetrafluorophthalic anhydride and polymer bound scavenger resins to remove unwanted starting materials. The amides thereby prepared may be converted to the corresponding amidines by standard methods.

The compounds of formula (IV) may be prepared by techniques known in the art. For example, they may be prepared by reacting a compound of formula (V)

wherein R_4 is as defined above, with diphenylphosphoryl azide (DPPA), in the presence of a base such as triethylamine. Typically, the reaction takes place under reflux, in a solvent such as toluene. Compounds of formula (V) are known compounds or may be prepared by analogy with known methods.

10

Compounds of the invention wherein P is -X-U-W- wherein X, U and W are as defined above can be prepared by reacting a compound of formula (II) above with a compound of formula (VI)

15

20

wherein R₄, X and U are as defined above and L is a hydroxy group or leaving group such as a 4-nitro-phenoxy group. Typically, the reaction takes place in a hydrocarbon solvent such as tetrahydrofuran at a temperature of from 60 to 70 °C. The work-up typically involves the use of a sequestration enabling reagent such as tetrafluorophthalic anhydride and polymer bound scavenger resins to remove unwanted starting material.

25

The compounds of formula (VI) are known compounds or may be prepared by analogy with known methods. For example, compounds of formula (VI) in which U is -CO- can be prepared by reacting a compound of formula (VII)

$$R_4XH$$
 (VII)

-32-

wherein R_4 and X are as defined above, with a chloroformate, for example an aromatic chloroformate such as 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate. Typically, the reaction takes place under reflux, in a solvent such as anhydrous THF. Further, compounds of formula (VI) in which U is -C-(=NH)- can, for example, be prepared from the corresponding nitrile of formula R_4 -X-C=N, for example by reaction with hydrochloric acid.

Compounds of the invention in which P is -X-Y- or -X-Y-W- and R_4 is other than -COR", -CO₂R", -S(O)₂R" and -CONR'R" can be made by standard techniques, for example by reacting a compound of formula (VIII)

10

5

R_4 -X-H (VIII)

wherein R_4 is other than -COR", -CO₂R", S(O)₂R" and -CONR'R" and X is as defined above, with a compound of formula (IX)

15

20

25

30

$L-Y-ZNR_1R_2$ (LX)

wherein Y, Z, R_1 and R_2 are as defined above and L represents a hydroxy group or a leaving group such as a halogen. The reaction is typically conducted in the presence of a base at from -78°C to the reflux temperature of the solvent.

The compounds of formulae (VIII) and (IX) are known compounds or may be prepared by analogy with known methods.

Compounds of the invention in which P is -X-U-W- and R_4 is -COR", -CO₂R", -S(O)₂R" or -CONR'R" can be made in an analogous fashion by reacting a compound of formula (X)

$R_{d}X$ -U-L (X)

wherein R₄, X and U are as defined above and L represents a hydroxy group or a leaving group such as a halogen, with a compound of formula (XI)

10

15

20

-33-

$HWZNR_1R_2$ (XI)

wherein W, Z, R₁ and R₂ are as defined above.

The compounds of formula (X) and (XI) are known compounds or may be prepared by analogy with known methods.

Compounds in which P is X or W and R_4 is other than -COR", -CO₂R", -S(O)₂R" and -CONR'R" can be prepared, for example, by reacting a compound of formula (XII)

 R_4 -AH (XII)

wherein A is -X- or -W-, wherein X and W are as defined above and R_4 is other than -COR", -CO₂R", -S(O)₂R" and -CONR'R", with a compound of formula (XIII)

 $L-Z-NR_1R_2$ (XIII)

wherein Z, R_1 and R_2 are as defined above and L is a leaving group such as a triflate group or a halogen atom. The reaction can be conducted under standard conditions. Typically, it takes place in the presence of a base in a solvent such as DMF.

The compounds of formula (XII) are known compounds or may be prepared by analogy with known methods. The compounds of formula (XIII) are also known compounds or may be prepared by analogy with known methods. For example, they can be prepared from a corresponding compound of formula HO-Z-NR₁R₂ by reaction with triflic anhydride or with PCl₅.

Compounds of the invention in which P is X or W and R_4 is -COR", -CO₂R", -S(O)₂R" or CONR'R" can be prepared by reacting a compound of formula (IXV)

 $HA-Z-NR_1R_2$ (IXV)

30

wherein A, Z, R_1 and R_2 are as defined above, with R_4 -L, wherein R_4 is as defined above and L is a hydroxy group or a leaving group, for example a halogen. The reaction can be conducted under standard conditions, such as those given above for the reaction of compounds of formulae (VIII) and (IX).

5

Compounds of formula (IXV) and compounds of formula R_4 -L are known compounds or may be prepared by analogy with known methods.

Compounds of the invention in which P is Y, Y is -CO- and R_4 is aryl or heteroaryl may be prepared, for example, by a Friedel-Crafts reaction between a compound of formula (XV)

10

R_4 -H (XV)

wherein R_4 is aryl or heteroaryl, and a compound of formula (XVI)

15

20

wherein L is a hydroxy group, a group OR wherein R is alkyl, or a halogen, for example chlorine, and Z, V, R_1 and R_2 are as defined above. The reaction can be performed under conventional conditions, in the presence of a catalyst such as AlCl₃. Examples of such reactions are described in section 1-15 of "Advanced Organic Chemistry", 3^{rd} Edition, by Jerry March.

25

The compounds of formulae (XV) and (XVI) are known compounds or may be prepared by analogy with known methods.

Compounds in which P is -Y- or -XY- and in which X, Y and R_4 are as defined above may be prepared, for example, by reacting a compound of formula (XVII)

$$R_{4}$$
 Y^{\prime} _L (XVII)

wherein R_4 is as defined above, Y' is -U- or -X-U-, and L is a hydroxy group or a leaving group, for example a halogen atom, with an organometallic compound of formula (XVIII)

$M-B-NR_1R_2$ (XVIII)

10

15

20

25

30

5

wherein B is -V-Z- wherein V and Z are as defined above, R_1 and R_2 are as defined above and M is a metal-containing moiety such as Li or -MgX wherein X is a halogen atom such as bromine.

The reaction can be carried out under conventional conditions. Preferably, M in the formula (XVIII) is Li. When M in the formula (XVIII) is -MgX, it may be necessary to conduct the reaction at around -78 °C and to use a large excess of the compound of formula (XVII).

The compounds of formula (XVII) are known compounds or may be prepared by analogy with known methods. The compounds of formula (XVIII) are also known compounds or may be prepared by analogy with known methods. For example, compounds of formula (XVIII) in which M is Li can be prepared by reacting a corresponding compound of formula Br-B-NR₁R₂ with lithium or with magnesium.

In some cases, it may be necessary to protect the $-NR_1R_2$ group during the synthesis of the compounds of formula (XVIII) or during the reaction between the compounds of formulae (XVIII) and (XVIII). This can be done by standard techniques.

Compounds of the invention in which P is -Y-W- or -XYW-, wherein Y is - UV- and -V- is - $(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$ -, can be made, for example, by reacting a compound of formula (IXX)

10

15

20

25

wherein R_4 and P are as defined above and L is a leaving group such as a halogen atom or a triflate group, with a compound of formula (XX)

$HW-ZNR_1R_2$ (XX)

wherein W, Z, R_1 and R_2 are as defined above. The reaction can be conducted under conventional conditions. Typically, it is conducted in the presence of a base. If necessary, the NR_1R_2 group can be protected during the reaction by conventional means.

The compounds of formulae (IXX) and (XX) are knowN compounds, or may be prepared by analogy with known methods. For example, the compounds of formula (IXX) can be prepared by reacting a corresponding compound of formula R_4 -P-OH with triflic anhydride or PCl_5 .

Compounds in which P is a direct bond can be prepared by conventional synthetic techniques.

A compound of the invention can, of course, be converted to a different compound of the invention by standard functional group interconversions known to those of skill in the art. For example, a compound of the invention in which U is -CO- can be converted to a compound of the invention in which U is -C(=NR)- by reaction with a compound of formula RNH₂. Suitable such reactions are described in section 6-14 of "Advanced Organic Chemistry" 3rd Edition, by Jerry March.

Pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds of formula (I) may be prepared by salifying a compound of formula (I) with an appropriate acid or base.

The compounds of the invention are activators of sGC. They can be used as selective sGC activators. A compound of the invention can therefore be used as a vasodilator or to inhibit platelet aggregation. It can be used for the treatment or prevention of peripheral vascular diseases such as hypertension, angina pectoris, arteriosclerosis, or for the treatment or prevention of glaucoma, preeclampsia, Raynaud's Syndrome, stroke or erectile dysfunction. Further, the compounds of the invention are effective in improving ocular blood flow. They can therefore be used

in the treatment and prevention of age-related macular degeneration (AMD). For example, they can be used in the treatment and prevention of non-exudative or exudative AMD. They can also be used in the treatment and prevention of neovascular or non-neovascular AMD.

5 -

Accordingly, the present invention also provides a compound of formula (I), as defined above, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for use in the treatment of the human or animal body, wherein R_1 , R_2 , Z, R_3 , Y, X and R_4 are as defined above.

Conditions attributable to down regulation of sGC can thus be alleviated.

10

The compounds of the invention may be administered in a variety of dosage forms. Thus, they can be administered orally, for example as tablets, troches, lozenges, aqueous or oily suspensions, dispersible powders or granules. The compounds of the invention may also be administered parenterally, either rsubcutaneously, intravenously, intramuscularly, intrasternally, transdermally or by infusion techniques. The compounds may also be administered as suppositories.

15

20

A compound of the invention is typically formulated for administration with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent. For example, solid oral forms may contain, together with the active compound, diluents, e.g. lactose, dextrose, saccharose, cellulose, corn starch or potato starch; lubricants, e.g. silica, talc, stearic acid, magnesium or calcium stearate, and/or polyethylene glycols; binding agents; e.g. starches, arabic gums, gelatin, methylcellulose, carboxymethylcellulose or polyvinyl pyrrolidone; disaggregating agents, e.g. starch, alginic acid, alginates or sodium starch glycolate; effervescing mixtures; dyestuffs; sweeteners; wetting agents, such as lecithin, polysorbates, laurylsulphates; and, in general, non-toxic and pharmacologically inactive substances used in pharmaceutical formulations. Such pharmaceutical preparations may be manufactured in known manner, for example, by means of mixing, granulating, tabletting, sugar-coating, or film coating processes.

25

Liquid dispersions for oral administration may be syrups, emulsions and suspensions. The syrups may contain as carriers, for example, saccharose or saccharose with glycerine and/or mannitol and/or sorbitol.

30

Suspensions and emulsions may contain as carrier, for example a natural

gum, agar, sodium alginte, pectin, methylcellulose, carboxymethylcellulose, or polyvinyl alcohol. The suspensions or solutions for intramuscular injections may contain, together with the active compound, a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, e.g. sterile water, olive oil, ethyl oleate, glycols, e.g. propylene glycol, and if desired, a suitable amount of lidocaine hydrochloride.

Solutions for intravenous or infusions may contain as carrier, for example, sterile water or preferably they may be in the form of sterile, aqueous, isotonic saline solutions.

A therapeutically effective amount of a compound of the invention is administered to a patient. A typical daily dose is from about 0.1 to 50 mg per kg of body weight, according to the activity of the specific compound, the age, weight and conditions of the subject to be treated, the type and severity of the disease and the frequency and route of administration. Preferably, daily dosage levels are from 5 mg to 2 g.

The Examples which follow illustrate the invention.

5

10

-39-

EXAMPLES

The synthesis of some of the compounds of the invention is detailed below.

Examples 1 to 69

The aryl acid (different for each reaction) (0.1 mmol), 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (10 mg, 0.1 mmol), N, N-(diisopropyl)amino-methylpolystyrene resin
(PS-DIEA), (86.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, loading 3.5 mmol/g) and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1yl)-N, N, N, N-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (38 mg, 0.1 mmol)
were shaken under nitrogen in anhydrous acetonitrile (4 mL) and heated to 50 °C for
5 hours. After this time the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature.

Tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (65 mg, 0.3 mmol) was then added and the reaction mixture was shaken under nitrogen for 18 hours. Macroporous triethylammonium methylpolystyrene carbonate resin (MP-carbonate), (610 mg, 1.96 mmol, loading 3.18 mmol/g) was then added and the reaction mixture was shaken under nitrogen for a further 48 hours. The reactions were then filtered through filter syringes into vials and washed with methanol. The solvent was removed on a vacuum concentrator and each product was weighed and analysed by LC-MS.

This method was used to synthesise the following compounds. The molecular weight, purity and yield of the compounds synthesised is shown in Table 1.

Example No.	Compound				
1	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-fluorobenzoyl]-benzamide				
	(CFM2262)				
2	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-phenoxy-benzamide (CFM2263)				
3	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-phenoxy-benzamide (CFM2264)				
4	2-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-nicotinamide				
	(CFM2265)				
5	4'-n-Propyl-biphenyl-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-				
	propyl)-amide (CFM2266)				

25

15

	·
6	2-[1-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-methanoyl]-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid
	(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide(CFM2267)
7	5-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-furan-2-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2268)
8	2-[1-(4-Chlorobenzoyl]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
	(CFM2269)
9	2-Phenyl-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
	amide (CFM2331)
10	2-[1-(4-Chloro-3-nitrobenzoyl)]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
	benzamide (CFM2332)
11	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-pyren-1-yl-acetamide
	(CFM2333)
12	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(3-methyl-benzo[b]thiophen-
	2-yl)-methanoyl]-benzamide (CFM2320)
13	4-Chloro-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2-phenoxy-benzamide
	(CFM2321)
14	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(4-phenoxy-phenyl)-
	propionamide (CFM2322)
15	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(1-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4,9-
	tetrahydro-b-carbolin-2-yl)-methanoyl]-benzamide (CFM2334)
16	1-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2,5-dimethyl-1-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2335)
17	2-{1-[(3-Dimethylamino-propylcarbamoyl)-methyl]-
	cyclopentyl}-N-(4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-acetamide
	(CFM2336)
18	8-[2-(3-Dimethylamino-propylcarbamoyl)-phenylsulfanyl]-
	naphthalene-1-carboxylic acid methylamide (CFM2337)
19	3-Methyl-5-(4-methyl-[1,2,3]thiadiazol-5-yl)-1-(4-
	trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2338)

20	6,8-Di-tert-butyl-4-oxo-4H-chromene-2-carboxylic acid (3-
•	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2339)
21	2-(Furan-2-yl)-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-
	propyl)-amide (CFM2340)
22	Biphenyl-2,2'-dicarboxylic acid 2'-[(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
	amide]-2-[(4-fluoro-phenyl)-amide] (CFM2342)
23	3-Phenyl-pentanedioic acid (3-chloro-4-methyl-phenyl)-amide
	(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2343)
24	2-(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid
,	(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2344)
25	6-Bromo-(2-thiophen-3-yl)-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2345)
26	3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-cyano-5-isobutylsulfanyl-thiophene-2-
	carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2346)
27	4-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3-nitro-
	benzamide (CFM2347)
28	6-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-cyclohex-3-ene carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2348)
29	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-(2-phenylsulfamoyl-
	phenylsulfanyl)-benzamide(CFM2349)
30	2'-Fluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-
	propyl)-amide (CFM2350)
31	2-Benzylsulfanyl-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
,	(CFM2351)
32	Pyrazine-2,3-dicarboxylic acid 2-[(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
	amide] 3-[(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-naphthalen-1-yl)-amide]
	(CFM2352)
33	. 2-[(3,5-Dichloro-phenylcarbamoyl)-methylsulfanyl]-N-(3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-nicotinamide (CFM2432)

34	2-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2368)
35	2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2369)
36	5-Chloro-1-(2,4-dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-
	carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2370)
37	1-(2,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic
	acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2371)
38	5-Chloro-1-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-
	carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2372)
39	1-(3,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic
•	acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2373)
40	5-Chloro-1-(2,6-dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-
	carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2388)
41	1,1-Dimethyl-indan-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
	amide (CFM2389)
42	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-ethyl-phenyl)-methanoyl]-
	benzamide (CFM2390)
43	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2,4,5-trimethyl-phenyl)-
	butyramide (CFM2391)
44	2-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
	benzamide (CFM2392)
45	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-oxo-2,3,4-triphenyl-butyramide
	(CFM2393)
46	5-(4-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-[1,2,3]thiadiazole-4-carboxylic acid
	(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2394)
47	2-(3-Chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-ylsulfanyl)-3-methyl-
	3H-imidazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
,	(CFM2395)

	48	2-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-[1,3]-thiazole-4-
	•	carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2396)
.	49	2-(2,3-Dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid
		(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2397)
	50	2-(2,3-Dichloro-phenyl)-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-
		dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2398)
	, 51	4-[4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-thiazol-2-yl]-N-(3-dimethylamino-
		propyl)-benzamide (CFM1899)
	52	5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-
		dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2399)
	53	4-Methyl-2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiazole-5-carboxylic acid
		(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2400)
	54	3-(4-tert-Butyl-benzyloxy)-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-
		dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2401)
ļ	55	4-Oxo-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3,4-dihydro-phthalazine-1-
		carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2402)
	56	2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-4-oxo-4-
		phenyl-butyramide (CFM2403)
ŀ	57	5-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-phenyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (3-
		dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2404)
ļ	58	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-(4-phenyl-thiazol-2-yl)-
		benzamide (CFM2405)
	59	1-(2,4,5-Trichloro-phenylsulfonyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid
		(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2406)
	60	3-(3,4-Dichloro-benzylsulfanyl)-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-
		dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2407)
	61	5-Chloro-3-phenyl-1 <i>H</i> -indole-2-carboxylic acid (3-
		dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2408)

. 62	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-1H-indol-3-			
	yl]-acetamide (CFM2409)			
63	2-Phenyl-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (3-			
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2410)			
64	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-(7-ethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-4-oxo-4-			
	phenyl-butyramide (CFM2411)			
65	Phenyl-trifluoromethyl-thieno[3,2-b]pyridine-2-carboxylic acid			
	(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2412)			
66	3-(4-Nitro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-thiophene-2-carboxylic			
	acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2428)			
67	2-(5-Chloro-1-methyl-3-phenyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-4-ylmethylsulfanyl)-			
	N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide (CFM2429)			
68	2-(4-Chloro-benzylsulfanyl)-3-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-			
	quinazoline-7-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide			
	(CFM2430)			
69	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-[4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-			
	pyrimidin-2-ylsulfanylmethyl]-benzamide (CFM2431)			

-45-

Table 1

F	Example	Molecular Weight	LC-MS Results % Purity	Yield (mg)	% Yield
	1	328.22	62.1	25.5	40
	2	298.22	86.6	23.7	41
Ī	3	298.22	86.1	32.1	55
Ì	4	333.64	96.6	33	51
1	5	324.3	100	35.1	55
İ	6	395.17	60.1	33.5	43
	7	340.18	95.7	14.2	21
	8	344.68	58.5	25.2	37
	12	380.35	90.5	32.2	43
	13	332.67	73.8	24.5	38
	14	326.28	96.1	21.2	33
	9	333.27	94.0	22.6	35
	10	389.68	94.4	43.8	57
	11	344.3	44.0	46.1	68
	15	472.35	96.2	50.9	>100
	16	333.7	87.0	24.3	74
	17	429.35	71.6	30.1	71
	18	421.4	52.4	28.7	69
	19	468.34	72.4	28.1	61
	20	386.37	68.0	10.8	28
	21	323.23	92.9	12.8	40
	22	350.	90.8	22.5	65
	23	415.8	52.0	17	41
	24	407.3:	90.5	15.5	38
	25	418.19	69.	13.1	32
	26	435.8	95.9	21.3	43
	27	377.6	7 83.	6 12.8	33
	28	355.1	59.	0 16.8	
	29	469.4	72.	9 21.9	
	30	300.2	4 93.	1 11.5	
	31	328.3	1 63.	4 16	
	32	381.3	2 57.		45
	34	357.2			
	35	323.6	96.		
	36	416.5			
	37	382.1	.3 86	.0 14	3

48 391.68 90.9 25 72 49 331.27 91.2 24.5 20 50 358.13 34.2 16.3 75 52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>						
40 416.57 100 22.6 55 41 274.24 97.4 12.3 45 42 338.28 89.0 16.7 50 43 290.28 81.6 15.7 55 44 409.15 91.9 12.1 30 45 414.38 41.0 18.8 47 46 356.73 86.6 20.3 58 47 421.71 79.9 14.3 34 48 391.68 90.9 25 72 49 331.27 91.2 24.5 20 50 358.13 34.2 16.3 75 52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 <t< td=""><td>. [</td><td>38</td><td>416.57</td><td>88.9</td><td>12.8</td><td>31</td></t<>	. [38	416.57	88.9	12.8	31
5 41 274.24 97.4 12.3 45 42 338.28 89.0 16.7 50 43 290.28 81.6 15.7 55 44 409.15 91.9 12.1 30 45 414.38 41.0 18.8 47 46 356.73 86.6 20.3 58 47 421.71 79.9 14.3 34 48 391.68 90.9 25 72 49 331.27 91.2 24.5 20 50 358.13 34.2 16.3 75 52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 59 442.63 96.6 16.2	ļ	39	382.13	64.5	10.3	27
5 42 338.28 89.0 16.7 50 43 290.28 81.6 15.7 55 44 409.15 91.9 12.1 30 45 414.38 41.0 18.8 47 46 356.73 86.6 20.3 58 48 391.68 90.9 25 72 49 331.27 91.2 24.5 20 50 358.13 34.2 16.3 75 52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 20 58 365.34 100 26.3 69 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63	f	40	416.57	100	22.6	55
43 290.28 81.6 15.7 55 44 409.15 91.9 12.1 30 45 414.38 41.0 18.8 47 46 356.73 86.6 20.3 58 46 356.73 86.6 20.3 58 48 391.68 90.9 25 72 49 331.27 91.2 24.5 20 50 358.13 34.2 16.3 75 52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 20 58 365.34 100 26.3 69 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45	Ī	41	. 274.24	97.4	12.3	45
44 409.15 91.9 12.1 30 45 414.38 41.0 18.8 47 46 356.73 86.6 20.3 58 47 421.71 79.9 14.3 34 48 391.68 90.9 25 72 49 331.27 91.2 24.5 20 50 358.13 34.2 16.3 75 52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 <	5	42	338.28	89.0	16.7	
10	Ī	43	290.28	81.6	15.7	55
46 356.73 86.6 20.3 58 47 421.71 79.9 14.3 34 48 391.68 90.9 25 72 49 331.27 91.2 24.5 20 50 358.13 34.2 16.3 75 52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 19.9 50 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 <t< td=""><td></td><td>44</td><td>409.15</td><td>91.9</td><td>12.1</td><td>30</td></t<>		44	409.15	91.9	12.1	30
10 47 421.71 79.9 14.3 34 48 391.68 90.9 25 72 49 331.27 91.2 24.5 20 50 358.13 34.2 16.3 75 52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417	ļ	45	414.38	41.0	18.8	
48 391.68 90.9 25 72 49 331.27 91.2 24.5 20 50 358.13 34.2 16.3 75 52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 <td< td=""><td>ľ</td><td>46</td><td>356.73</td><td>86.6</td><td>20.3</td><td></td></td<>	ľ	46	356.73	86.6	20.3	
49 331.27 91.2 24.5 20 50 358.13 34.2 16.3 75 52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 60 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67	10	47	421.71	79.9	14.3	34
50 358.13 34.2 16.3 75 52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 20 58 365.34 100 26.3 69 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68<		48	391.68	90.9	25	72
52 306.24 96.4 18.3 44 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69<		49	331.27	91.2	24.5	
15 53 371.26 97.4 27.6 60 54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		50	358.13	34.2	16.3	75
54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55	Ì	52	306.24	96.4	18.3	44
54 374.38 94.8 75 55 418.26 96.7 26.2 71 56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 58 365.34 100 26.3 69 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55	15	53	371.26	97.4	27.6	
56 372.73 34.4 21 51 57 382.73 100 19.9 54 58 365.34 100 26.3 69 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		54	374.38	94.8		
57 382.73 100 19.9 54 58 365.34 100 26.3 69 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		55	418.26	96.7	26.2	
20 58 365.34 100 26.3 69 59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		56	372.73	34.4	21	
59 442.63 96.6 16.2 45 60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		57	382.73	100	19.9	
60 403.23 100 27.8 63 61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55	20	58	365.34	100	26.3	
61 355.71 100 19.9 50 62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		59	442.63	96.6	16.2	
62 367.71 100 8.9 25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		60	403.23	100	27.8	
25 63 322.25 54.6 26.2 66 64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		61	355.71	100	19.9	
64 405.38 97.8 21.2 53 65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		62	367.71	100		
65 407.3 100 11.5 50 66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55	25	63	322.25	54.6	ļ <u> </u>	
66 417.24 79.5 19.7 48 67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		64	405.38	97.8		
67 442.85 59.7 5.1 12 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		65	407.3	100		
30 68 444.82 32.7 18.9 43 69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		66	417.24			
69 436.41 86.3 23.6 55		67	442.85	59.7		
09 130.11	30	68	444.82		 	
33 441.22 40.3 18.2 42		69	436.41			
		33	441.22	40.3	18.2	42

Examples 70 to 99

The aryl acid (different for each reaction) (0.1 mmol) was stirred under nitrogen in anhydrous toluene (2 mL) and heated to 50 °C. Triethylamine (10 mg, 0.1 mmol) dissolved in 1 mL of anhydrous toluene was then added. The temperature was raised to 80 °C and diphenylphosphorylazide (DPPA), (27.0 mg, 0.1 mmol) was added.

-47-

The reaction was kept at this temperature for 1 hour then cooled to room temperature while still stirring under nitrogen.

3-(Dimethylamino)-propylamine (10 mg, 0.1 mmol) was added and the whole mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. Tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (64.7 mg, 0.3 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred for a further 18 hours. Following this 20 equivalents of macroporous triethylammonium methylpolystyrene carbonate resin (MP-carbonate), (610 mg, 1.96 mmol) was added and the reactions were stirred for another 24 hours. Each reaction was then filtered through filter syringes into vials and washed with methanol. The solvent was removed using a vacuum concentrator and each product was weighed and analysed by LC-MS.

This method was used to synthesise the following compounds. The molecular weight, purity and yield of the compounds synthesised is shown in Table 2.

15

10

5

Examples No.	Compounds
70	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2-phenoxy-phenyl)-urea (CFM2260)
71	1-[2-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-3-yl]-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-urea (CFM2261)
72	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-pyren-1-ylmethyl-urea (CFM2317)
73	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[(1R,2R)-5-phenyl-2-(1-phenyl-methanoyl)-cyclohexyl]-urea (CFM2318)
74	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[2-(4-phenoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-urea (CFM2319)
75	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[3-methyl-5-(4-methyl-[1,2,3]thiadiazol-5-yl)-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-urea (CFM2353)
76	2'-[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-biphenyl-2-carboxylic acid (4-fluoro-phenyl)-amide (CFM2354)
77	N-(3-Chloro-4-methyl-phenyl)-4-[3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-3-phenyl-butyramide (CFM2355)

	78	1-[4-(4-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-thiophen-3-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2356)
	79	1-[2-(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-quinolin-4-yl]-3-(4-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2357)
	80	1-(6-Bromo-2-thiophen-3-yl-quinolin-4-yl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2358)
	81	1-[3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-cyano-5-isobutylsulfanyl-thiophen-2-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2359)
5	. 82	1-[6-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-cyclohex-3-enyl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2360)
	83	1-(2-Benzylsulfanyl-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2361)
	84	2-{2-[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-phenylsulfanyl}-N-phenyl-benzenesulfonamide (CFM2362)
	85	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2'-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-urea (CFM2363)
•	86	N-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-2-{3-[3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-pyridin-2-ylsulfanyl}-acetamide (CFM2364)
0	87	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-{2-[1-(1-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4,9-tetrahydro-b-carbolin-2-yl)-methanoyl]-phenyl}-urea (CFM2366)
	88	8-{2-[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-phenylsulfanyl}- naphthalene-1-carboxylic acid methylamide (CFM2367)
	89	1-[1-(3,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridin-3-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2413)
	90	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(3-oxo-1,2,3-triphenyl-propyl)-urea (CFM2414)
	91	1-[5-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-3-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2415)
5	92	1-{4-[4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-thiazol-2-yl]-phenyl}-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2416)
	93	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-thiophen-2-yl]-urea (CFM2417)
	94	1-[3-(4-tert-Butyl-benzyloxy)-thiophen-2-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2418)

10

-49-

95	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[4-(4-phenyl-thiazol-2-yl)-phenyl]-urea (CFM2419)
96	1-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-benzylsulfanyl)-thiophen-2-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2420)
97	1-[2-(5-Chloro-1-methyl-3-phenyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-4-ylmethylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2433)
98	1-[2-(4-Chloro-benzylsulfanyl)-3-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazolin-7-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2434)
99	1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-{4-[4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidin-2-ylsulfanylmethyl]-phenyl}-urea (CFM2435)

-50-

Table 2

	Example	Molecular Weight of Product	LC-MS Results % Product	Yield (mg)	% Yield
	70	313.22	57.53	51	83.06
	71	348.64	56.3	41.4	60.6
5	72	359.3	58.85	108.7	>100
	73	407.38	42.59	75.1	94.1
	74	341.28	54.28	52.1	77.9
	87	487.35	53.05	29.4	61.44
	88	436.4	53.98	63.6	>100
10	75	483.34	42	41.8	87.45
	76	434.34	76.93	26	60.48
	77	430.8	31.66	34.5	80.98
	78	369.76	74.31	36.3	99.18
	79	422.35	. 26.75	36.7	87.79
15	80	433.19	69.82	32.4	75.55
	81	450.88	32	27.3	61.31
	82	370.15	38.84	29.1	79.42
	83	343.31	100	32.2	94.46
	84	484.46	36.4	15.8	32.94
20	85	315.21	56.84	23.3	74.68
	86	456.22	38.85	58.6	>100
	89 .	397.13	. 32.11	46.1	>100
	90	429.38	35.0	51.0	
	91	466.62	51.18	45.7	98.6
25	92	414.78	70.68	65.8	>100
	93	321.24	48.83	20.5	65.12
	94	389.38	44.0	41.8	>100
	95	380.34	<u> </u>	 	
	96	418.23			
30	97	457.85			+
	98	459.82		 	
	99	451.41	55.72	19.9	44.53

Example 100

35 1-(4-Bromophenyl)-3-(3-(1-pyrrolidinyl) propyl) urea (CFM2138)

4-Nitrophenyl chloroformate (87.0 mg, 0.436 mmol), 4-bromoaniline (50.0 mg, 0.29 mmol) and triethylamine (44.0 mg, 0.436 mmol) were refluxed under nitrogen in

anhydrous THF (20 mL) for 18 hours. After this time 1-(3-aminopropyl) pyrrolidine (55.0 mg, 0.436 mmol) was added and the whole reaction mixture was refluxed for a further 2 hours.

The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (191.0 mg, 0.87 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature under nitrogen for 1 hour, then 6 equivalents of tris-(2-aminoethyl)amine polystyrene resin (PS-trisamine), (500 mg, 1.74 mmol, loading 3.5 mmol/g) was added and the reaction stirred for 2 hours. Following this 20 equivalents of Dowex AG1 resin (OH form) (1.68 g, 5.8 mmol, loading 3.45 mmol/g) was added and the mixture was stirred for 18 hours at room temperature.

It should be noted that the Cl form of the resin was converted to the OH-form by washing with 20 volumes of 1M NaOH solution, followed by distilled water until the washings are neutral. Another 20 equivalents of the resin was added after this time and the reaction was stirred for a further 2 hours. The reaction mixture was then filtered and the solvent removed using a vacuum concentrator.

Example 101

5

10

15

20

30

1-(4-Bromophenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea (CFM2134)

Prepared as in Example 100 using 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate (77.2 mg, 0.38 mmol), 4-bromoaniline (30.0 mg, 0.174 mmol) and triethylamine (38.8 mg, 0.38 mmol) to form the intermediate followed by 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (26.6 mg, 0.26 mmol) to form the desired product. Work-up as in Example 100. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography using MeOH/CHCl₃ (40:60).

25 Example 102

3-(4-Bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea (CFM2139)
Prepared as in Example 100 using 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate (87.0 mg, 0.436 mmol), 4-bromoaniline (50.0 mg, 0.29 mmol) and triethylamine (44.0 mg, 0.436 mmol) refluxed for 5 hours in anhydrous THF (20mL) to form the intermediate.

Then N,N,N'-trimethyl-1,3-propanediamine (50.5 mg, 0.436 mmol) was added and

-52-

the reaction mixture refluxed for 18 hours to form the title compound. Work-up as in Example 100.

Example 103

1-(3-Phenyl-5-methoxy phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea (CFM2148)
Prepared as in Example 100 using 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate (45.5 mg, 0.226 mmol), 5-phenyl-o-anisidine (30.0 mg, 0.151 mmol) and triethylamine (22.8 mg, 0.226 mmol) refluxed in anhydrous THF (20 mL) for 18 hours to form the intermediate followed by 3-(dimethylamino)-propylamine (23.1 mg, 0.226 mmol) and refluxed for a further 5 hours to form the title compound. Work-up as in Example 100.

Example 104

3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea (CFM2200)

Prepared as in Example 100 using 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate (830 mg, 4.12 mmol), 4-chloroaniline (350 mg, 2.75 mmol) and triethylamine (416 mg, 4.12 mmol) refluxed for 7 hours in anhydrous THF (30mL) to form the intermediate. Then N,N,N-trimethyl-1,3-propanediamine (478 mg, 4.12 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture refluxed for 18 hours to form the title compound. Work-up as in Example 100.

Example 105

1-(3-Nitrophenyl)-1-benzyl-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea (CFM2270)

Prepared as in Example 100 using 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate (66.0 mg, 0.328 mmol), N-benzyl-3-nitroaniline (50.0 mg, 0.219 mmol) and triethylamine (33.0 mg, 0.328 mmol) refluxed in anhydrous THF (20 mL) for 6 hours to form the intermediate followed by 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (44.6 mg, 0.438 mmol) and refluxed for a further 36 hours to form the title compound. Work-up as in Example 100.

1-Benzyl-1-(4-methyl-3-pyridinyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea (CFM2271) Prepared as in Example 100 using 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate (76.0 mg, 0.378 mmol), 2-benzylamino-4-methyl-pyridine (50.0 mg, 0.25 mmol) and triethylamine (38.0 mg, 0.378 mmol) refluxed in anhydrous THF (20 mL) for 5 hours to form the intermediate followed by 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (38.0 mg, 0.378 mmol) and refluxed for a further 18 hours to form the desired product. Work-up as in Example 100. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography using a gradient from 10 to 50 % MeOH (in CHCl₃) to give the title compound.

10 <u>Example 107</u>

5

1-Methyl-1-(3,5-bistrifluoromethylphenyl)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)urea (CFM2311)

Prepared as in Example 100 using 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate (62.0 mg, 0.308 mmol), N-methyl-3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)aniline (50.0 mg, 0.206 mmol) and triethylamine (31.0 mg, 0.308 mmol) refluxed in anhydrous THF (20 mL) for 5 hours to form the intermediate followed by 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (31.5 mg, 0.308 mmol) and refluxed for a further 18 hours to form the desired product. Work-up as in Example 100. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography using a gradient from 10 to 40 % MeOH (in CHCl₃) to give the title compound.

20

25

30

. 15

Example 108

1-(2-Phenacyl-4-chorophenyl)-1-methyl-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea (CFM2310)

4-Nitrophenyl chloroformate (61.5 mg, 0.31 mmol), 5-chloro-2-(methylamino)-benzophenone (50.0 mg, 0.20 mmol) and triethylamine (30.80 mg, 0.31 mmol) were refluxed for 5 hours in anhydrous THF (20 mL) as in Example 100 to form the intermediate. Then 3-(dimethylamino)-propylamine (32.0 mg, 0.31 mmol) was added and the mixture was refluxed for a further 5 hours to form the desired product. Work-up as in Example 100. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography using a gradient from 10 - 40% MeOH (in CHCl₃) to give the title compound.

Example 109

1-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) urea (CFM2421)

4-Nitrophenyl chloroformate (77.0 mg, 0.39 mmol), 4-amino-3-chlorobenzotrifluoride (50.0 mg, 0.26 mmol) and triethylamine (38.0 mg, 0.39 mmol) were refluxed for 18 hours in anhydrous THF (20 mL) as in Example 100 to form the intermediate. Then 3-(dimethylamino)-propylamine (38.0 mg, 0.39 mmol) was added and the mixture was refluxed for a further 5 hours to form the desired product. Work-up as in Example 100. The crude product was purified by flash
chromatography using a gradient from 10 - 40% MeOH (in CHCl₃) to give the title compound.

Example 110

15

20

30

1-(3-Fluoro-5-trifluoromethylphenyl)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) urea (CFM2422)

4-Nitrophenyl chloroformate (84.0 mg, 4.19 mmol), 3-amino-5-fluorobenzotrifluoride (50.0 mg, 0.28 mmol) and triethylamine (42.0 mg, 4.19 mmol) were refluxed for 18 hours in anhydrous THF (20 mL) as in Example 100 to form the intermediate. Then 3-(dimethylamino)-propylamine (42.0 mg, 4.19 mmol) was added and the mixture was refluxed for a further 5 hours to form the desired product. Work-up as in Example 100. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography using a gradient from 10 - 40% MeOH (in CHCl₃) to give the title compound.

25 <u>Example 111</u>

1-(3-N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-benzylamino)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) urea CFM2374

4-Nitrophenyl chloroformate (3.13 g, 15.54 mmol), 3-amino-1-(N-tert-butoxy-carbonyl)benzylamine (2.30 g, 10.36 mmol) and triethylamine (1.56 g, 15.54 mmol) was refluxed for 18 hours in anhydrous THF (100 mL) as in Example 100 to form the intermediate. Then 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (1.58 g, 15.54 mmol) was

added and the mixture was refluxed for a further 5 hours to form the desired product. Work-up same as in Example 100. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography using a gradient from 10 - 40% MeOH (in CHCl₃) to give the title compound.

5 Example 112

10

15

N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-fluorobenzoyl]-benzamide (CFM2262) 2-(4-Fluorobenzoyl)benzoic acid (1.25 g, 5.12 mmol), N,N-(diisopropyl)aminomethylpolystyrene resin (PS-DIEA), (4.30 g, 15.36 mmol), and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (1.95 g, 5.12 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous acetonitrile (50 mL) at room temperature under nitrogen for 5 minutes. Then 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.52 g, 5.12 mmol) was added and the temperature was taken up to 50 °C and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (3.40 g, 15.36 mmol) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir for 5 hours. To the mixture was added water (5 mL) and the solvent was removed on a vacuum concentrator. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography using a gradient from 5 to 10% MeOH (in CHCl₃) and the title compound was isolated as a white solid 0.36 g, 22 % yield (mp 84 - 85 °C).

20 <u>Example 113</u>

2-[1-(4-Chlorobenzoyl]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide (CFM 2269)
2-(4-Chlorobenzoyl)-benzoic acid (1.25 g, 4.80 mmol), N,N-(diisopropyl)aminomethylpolystyrene resin (PS-DIEA), (4.00 g, 14.38 mmol), and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N,N-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU)
(1.82 g, 4.80 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous acetonitrile (50 mL) at room temperature under nitrogen for 5 minutes. Then 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.50 g, 4.80 mmol) was added and the temperature was taken up to 50 °C and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (3.20 g, 14.40 mmol) was added and the mixture was left to stir for 5 hours. The workup and purification was the same as

described in Example 112. The title compound was isolated as a white solid 0.68g, 41 % yield (mp 108-110 °C).

Example 114

10

15

25

30

5 5-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2404)

5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (1.10 g, 4.09 mmol), *N*,*N*-(diisopropyl)amino-methylpolystyrene resin (PS-DIEA), (3.40g, 12.27 mmol), and *O*-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-*N*,*N*,*N*,*N*-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (1.56 g, 4.09 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous acetonitrile (50 mL) at room temperature under nitrogen for 5 minutes. Then 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.42 g, 4.09 mmol) was added and the temperature was taken up to 50 °C and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (2.70 g, 12.27 mmol) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir for 5 hours. The workup and purification was the same as described in Example 112. The title compound was isolated as a white solid 0.62g, 44 % yield (mp 165 °C).

Example 115

5-Chloro-3-phenyl-1*H*-indole-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2408)

5-Chloro-3-phenyl-1*H*-indole-2-carboxylic acid (1.00 g, 3.68 mmol), *N*,*N*-(diisopropyl)amino-methylpolystyrene resin (PS-DIEA), (3.00 g, 11.04 mmol), and *O*-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-*N*,*N*,*N*,*N*-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (1.49 g, 3.68 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous acetonitrile (50 mL) at room temperature under nitrogen for 5 minutes. Then 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.38 g, 3.68 mmol) was added and the temperature was taken up to 50 °C and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (2.43 g, 11.00 mmol) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir for 5 hours. The workup and purification was the same

-57-

as described in Example 112. The title compound was isolated as a white solid 0.24 g, 18.5 % yield (mp 143-144 °C).

Example 116

10

15

N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-(2-phenylsulfamoyl-phenylsulfanyl)-benzamide(CFM2349)

2-(2-Phenylsulfamoyl-phenylsulfanyl)-benzoic acid (1.10 g, 2.60 mmol), *N,N*-(diisopropyl)amino-methylpolystyrene resin (PS-DIEA), (2.18g, 7.78 mmol), and *O*-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-*N,N,N,N*-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (0.98 g, 2.6 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous acetonitrile (50 mL) at room temperature under nitrogen for 5 minutes. Then 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.26 g, 2.60 mmol) was added and the temperature was taken up to 50 °C and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (1.70 g, 7.78 mmol) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir for 5 hours. The workup and purification was the same as described in Example 112. The title compound was isolated as a white solid (0.1 g, 9 %), (mp 75-76 °C).

Example 117

2-Benzylsulfanyl-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide (CFM2351)
2-Benzylsulfanyl-benzoic acid (1.00 g, 4.09 mmol), N,N-(diisopropyl)aminomethylpolystyrene resin (PS-DIEA), (3.40 g, 12.27 mmol), and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N,N-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (1.55 g, 4.09 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous acetonitrile (50 mL) at room
temperature under nitrogen for 5 minutes. Then 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.42 g, 4.09 mmol) was added and the temperature was taken up to 50 °C and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (2.60 g, 12.27 mmol) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir for 5 hours. The workup and purification was the same

as described in Example 112. The title compound was isolated as a white solid 0.41g, 30.5 % yield (mp 85-86 °C).

Example 118

10

15

5 6,8-Di-tert-butyl-4-oxo-4H-chromene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2339)

6,8-Di-*tert*-butyl-4-oxo-4*H*-chromene-2-carboxylic acid (1.00 g, 3.31 mmol), *N,N*-(diisopropyl)amino-methylpolystyrene resin (PS-DIEA), (2.78 g, 9.93 mmol), and *O*-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-*N,N,N*,*N*-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (1.25 g, 3.31 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous acetonitrile (50 mL) at room temperature under nitrogen for 5 minutes. Then 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.34 g, 3.31 mmol) was added and the temperature was taken up to 50 °C and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (2.18 g, 9.93 mmol) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir for 5 hours. The workup and purification was the same

mixture was allowed to stir for 5 hours. The workup and purification was the sam as described in Example 112. The title compound was isolated as a white solid (0.26g) in 20 % yield (mp 135-136 °C).

Example 119

- 3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-cyano-5-isobutylsulfanyl-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide (CFM2346)
 - 3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-cyano-5-isobutylsulfanyl-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (1.00 g,
 - 2.84 mmol), N,N-(diisopropyl)amino-methylpolystyrene resin (PS-DIEA), (2.37 g,
 - 8.53 mmol), and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N,N-tetramethyluronium
- 25 hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (1.08g, 2.84 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous acetonitrile (50 mL) at room temperature under nitrogen for 5 minutes. Then 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.3 g, 2.84 mmol) was added and the temperature was taken up to 50 °C and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 18 hours.

 The mixture was allowed to cool and tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (1.87 g, 8.52 mmol) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir for 5 hours. The workup and

purification was the same as described in Example 112. The title compound was isolated as a white oil/solid 0.3 g, 24 % yield.

Example 120

10

15

5 4-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3-nitro-benzamide (CFM2347)

4--(4-Chlorophenoxy)-3-nitro-benzoic acid (1.00 g, 3.40 mmol), N, N- (diisopropyl)amino-methylpolystyrene resin (PS-DIEA), (2.84 g, 10.20 mmol), and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N,N-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (1.29 g, 3.40 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous acetonitrile (50 mL) at room temperature under nitrogen for 5 minutes. Then 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.35 g, 3.40 mmol) was added and the temperature was taken up to 50 °C and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (2.24 g, 10.20 mmol) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir for 5 hours. The workup and purification was the same as described in Example 112. The title compound was isolated as a yellow solid (0.6 g) in 46.5% yield (mp 165-167 °C.

Example 121

N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-(4-phenyl-thiazol-2-yl)-benzamide (CFM2405)

4-(4-Phenyl-thiazol-2-yl)-benzoic acid (1.38 g, 4.91 mmol), N,N-(diisopropyl)aminomethylpolystyrene resin (PS-DIEA), (3.84 g, 14.70 mmol), and O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-N,N,N,N-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU) (1.87 g, 4.91 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous acetonitrile (50 mL) at room temperature under nitrogen for 5 minutes. Then 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.50 g, 4.91 mmol) was added and the temperature was taken up to 50 °C and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 18 hours. The mixture was allowed to cool and tetrafluorophthalic anhydride (3.24 g, 14.70 mmol) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir for 5 hours. The workup and purification was the same as described in Example 112. The title compound was isolated as a white solid (1.18 g) in 66% yield (mp 204-205 °C).

Example 122

1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2-phenoxyphenyl)-urea (CFM2260)

2-Phenoxybenzoic acid (1.50 g, 7.00 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous toluene (50 mL) at 50 °C under nitrogen. To this mixture was added triethylamine (0.71 g, 7.00 5 mmol) and the temperature was increased to 80 °C at which stage diphenylphosphorylazide (DPPA) (1.92 g, 7.00 mmol) was added and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 5 hours. After this period 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.71 g, 7.00 mmol) was added and the mixture was left to stir at 80 °C overnight under nitrogen. The solvent was removed on a vacuum 10 concentrator The residue was taken up in chloroform (100 mL) and washed with 1M sodium hydroxide (2 × 50 mL). The organic fraction was washed with saturated sodium chloride solution and then dried (Na₂SO₄). The solvent was removed on a vacuum concentrator. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography using a gradient from 5 to 10% MeOH (in CHCl₃) and the title compound was 15 isolated as a white solid (1.00 g) in 46% yield (mp 126-128 °C).

Example 123

20

25

30

1-[4-(4-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-thiophen-3-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea (CFM2356)

4-(4-Chlorophenylsulfanyl)-thiophene-3-carboxylic acid (1.30 g, 4.80 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous toluene (50 mL) at 50 °C under nitrogen. To this mixture was added triethylamine (0.48 g, 4.80 mmol) and the temperature was increased to 80 °C at which stage diphenylphosphorylazide (DPPA) (1.32 g, 4.80 mmol) was added and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 5 hours. After this period 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.48 g, 4.80 mmol) was added and the mixture was left to stir at 80 °C overnight under nitrogen. The solvent was removed on a vacuum concentrator. The residue was taken up in chloroform (100 mL) and washed with 1M sodium hydroxide (2 × 50 mL). The organic fraction was washed with saturated sodium chloride solution and then dried (Na₂SO₄). The solvent was removed on a

-61-

vacuum concentrator. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography using a gradient from 5 to 10% MeOH (in CHCl₃) and the title compound was isolated as a white solid (0.50 g) in 28% yield (mp 125-126 °C).

5 Example 124

1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2'-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-urea (CFM2363)
2-Fluoro-biphenyl-4-carboxylic acid (1.00 g, 4.63 mmol) was stirred in anhydrous toluene (50 mL) at 50 °C under nitrogen. To this mixture was added triethylamine (0.47 g, 4.63 mmol) and the temperature was increased to 80 °C at which stage diphenylphosphorylazide (DPPA) (1.27 g, 4.63 mmol) was added and the mixture was left to stir at this temperature for 5 hours. After this period 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (0.48 g, 4.63 mmol) was added and the mixture was left to stir at 80 °C overnight under nitrogen. The solvent was removed on a vacuum concentrator. The residue was taken up in chloroform (100 mL) and washed with 1M sodium hydroxide (2 × 50 mL). The organic fraction was washed with saturated sodium chloride solution and then dried (Na₂SO₄). The solvent was removed on a vacuum concentrator. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography using a gradient from 5 to 10% MeOH (in CHCl₃) and the title compound was isolated as a orange oil (0.50 g) in 34% yield.

20

15

10

Physical data for some of the compounds synthesised in the Examples is given in Table 3.

TABLE 3: Physical Data

Example	¹H NMR δ, CDCl ₃ , 300 MHz	MS	mp	yield
101	7.28 (d, 2H, $J = 8.7$ Hz), 7.17 (d, 2H, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 3.22 (q, 2H, $J = 5.9$ Hz), 2.31 (t, 2H, $J = 6.2$ Hz), 2.12 (s, 6H), 1.58 (quintet, 2H, $J = 6.2$ Hz)	(APCI) 302 [M+2H]*		73%
100	7.31 - 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.16 - 7.19 (m, 2H), 3.26 (q, 2H, J = 6.0 Hz), 2.52 (t, 2H, J = 6.4 Hz), 2.46 - 2.44 (m, 4H), 1.72 - 1.68 (m, 4H), 1.64 (t, 2H, J = 6.2 Hz)	(APCI) 328 [M+2H] ⁺		69%
102	CD ₃ OD 7.37 (d, 2H, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 7.29 (d, 2H, $J = 8.7$ Hz), 3.41 (t, 2H, $J = 6.4$ Hz), 2.95 (s, 3H), 2.37 (t, 2H, $J = 6.9$ Hz), 2.29 (s, 6H), 1.81 (quintet, 2H, $J = 6.7$ Hz)	(FAB) 314 M ⁺		85%
103	8.31 (d, 1H, $J = 2.26$ Hz), 7.62, (t, 2H, $J = 7.16$ Hz), 7.41 (t, 2H, $J = 6.41$ Hz), 7.33 - 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.25 (dd, 1H, $J = 2.5$ Hz, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 6.94 (d, 1H, $J = 8.67$ Hz), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.40 (q, 2H, $J = 5.9$ Hz), 2.39 (q, 2H, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 2.18 (s, 6H), 1.74 - 1.65 (m, 2H)	(FAB) 328 [M+1H] ⁺		85%
104	9.86 (br s, 1H), 7.26 (d, 2H, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 7.12 (d, 2H, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 3.31 (t, 2H, $J = 5.8$ Hz), 2.83 (s, 3H), 2.32 (t, 2H, $J = 5.8$ Hz), 2.22 (s, 6H), 1.69 (quintet, 2H, $J = 5.8$ Hz)	(FAB) 270 [M+1H] ⁺		31%
105	8.04 - 8.00 (m, 1H), 7.95 - 7.91 (m, 1H), 7.45 - 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.25 - 7.14 (m, 5H), 6.49 (br s, 1H), 4.85 (s, 2H), 3.29 (m, 2H), 2.24 (t, 2H, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz), 1.81 (s, 6H), 1.54 (q, 2H, <i>J</i> = 5.7 Hz)	(EI) 356 M ⁺	,	26%
106	acetone- d_6 8.42 (d, 1H, J = 4.9 Hz), 7.53 - 7.41 (m, 5H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 7.06 (d, 1H, J = 5.3 Hz), 5.48 (s, 2H), 3.68 (m, 2H), 3.04 (brs, 2H), 2.76 (s, 6H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.19 (m, 2H)	(APCI) 327 [M+1H] ⁺		37%
108	7.43 (d, 1H, $J = 2.26$ Hz), 7.31 - 7.15 (m, 7H), 6.72 (d, 1H, $J = 9.05$ Hz), 3.76 - 3.69 (m, 1H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 3.33 - 3.30 (m, 1H), 2.60 - 2.40 (m, 2H), 2.19 (brs, 6H), 1.78 - 1.63 (m, 2H)	(APCI) 374 [M+1H] ⁺		30%
107	7.68 (s, 2H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 6.77 (br s, 1H), 3.35 - 3.31 (m, 2H), 3.28 (s, 3H), 2.64 - 2.52 (m, 2H), 2.23 (br s, 6H), 1.80 - 1.68 (m, 2H)	(APCI) 372 [M+1H]*		33%
111	7.47 - 7.43 (m,2H), 7.35 (t, 1H, J = 7.9Hz), 7.06 (d, 1H, J = 7.53 Hz), 4.38 (d, 2H, J = 5.27 Hz), 4.05 - 3.85 (br s, 3H), 3.50 - 3.40 (m, 2H), 2.80 (t, 2H, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.56 (s, 6H), 1.92 (t, 2H, J = 6.2 Hz), 1.59 (s, 9H)	(FAB) 351 [M±1H] ⁺		83%
109	8.36 (d, 1H, J = 8.67 Hz), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, 1H, J = 8.29 Hz), 3.08 (t, 2H, J = 7.73 Hz), 2.80 (s, 6H), 1.94 (2H, t, J = 7.35 Hz), 1.31 (t, 2H, J = 7.16 Hz)	(EI) 323 M ⁺		24%
110	7.56 (br s, 1H), 7.51 (br s, 1H), 6.97 (br d, 1H, J = 8.29 Hz), 3.26 (t, 2H, J = 6.78 Hz), 2.62 (t, 2H, J = 7.73 Hz), 2.44 (s, 6H), 1.79 (t, 2H, J = 7.53 Hz)	(FAB) 308 [M+1H] ⁺		35%

112	7.81 (d, 1H, $J = 6.41$ Hz), 7.64 - 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.48 - 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.29 (d, 1H, $J = 6.78$ Hz), 7.10 (t, 2H, $J = 8.86$ Hz), 3.65 - 3.56 (m, 1H), 3.21 - 3.11(m, 1H), 2.92 (t, 2H, $J = 7.54$ Hz), 2.69(s, 6H), 1.93 - 1.76 (m, 2H)	EI 328 [M]*	84- 85°C	44%
113	7.81 (d, 1H, $J = 6.78$ Hz), 7.63 - 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.38 (s, 4H), 7.29 (d, 1H, $J = 6.78$ Hz), 3.65 - 3.56 (quintet, 1H, $J = 7.06$ Hz), 3.20 - 3.10 (quintet, 1H, $J = 7.06$ Hz), 2.92 (t, 2H, $J = 7.35$ Hz), 2.68 (s, 6H), 1.93 - 1.77 (m, 2H)	(APCI) 345 [M] ⁺	108- 110ºC	41%
114	7.45 - 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.37 - 7.32 (m, 3H), 7.23 (d, 2H, $J = 8.67$, Hz), 7.02 (s, 1H), 3.50 (t, 2H, $J = 6.40$ Hz), 3.20 (t, 2H, $J = 7.73$, Hz), 2.91 (s, 6H), 2.08 - 1.99 (quintet, 2H, $J = 7.25$ Hz)	(APCI) 383 M ⁺	165°C	44%
115	7.57 - 7.38 (m, 7H), 7.22 (dd, 1H, $J = 8.67$ Hz, $J = 1.89$ Hz), 3.29 (t, 2H, $J = 6.78$ Hz), 2.19 (t, 2H, $J = 7.53$ Hz), 2.16 (s, 6H), 1.60 (quintet, 2H, $J = 7.25$ Hz)	(FAB) 356 [M] ⁺	143- 144ºC	18.5 %
116	8.02 (dd, 1H, $J = 7.73$ Hz, $J = 1.7$ Hz), 7.50 (dd, 1H, $J = 7.54$ Hz, $J = 1.51$ Hz), 7.41 - 7.11 (m, 9H), 7.01 (t, 2H, $J = 6.97$ Hz), 3.36 (t, 2H, $J = 6.78$ Hz), 2.42 (t, 2H, $J = 7.91$ Hz), 2.21 (s, 6H), 1.74 (quintet, 2H, $J = 7.25$ Hz)	(APCI) 470 [M] ⁺	75- 76ºC	9%
117	7.43 - 7.20 (m, 9H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.36 (t, 2H, $J =$ 6.78 Hz), 2.45 (t, 2H, $J =$ 7.73 Hz), 2.23 (s, 6H), 1.79 (quintet, 2H, $J =$ 7.35 Hz)	(APCI) 329 M ⁺	85- 86ºC	30.5 %
118	8.05 (d, 1H, $J = 2.64$ Hz), 7.89 (d, 1H, $J = 2.26$ Hz), 7.88 (s, 1H), 3.47 (t, 2H, $J = 6.78$ Hz), 2.44 (t, 2H, $J = 7.72$ Hz), 2.27 (s, 6H), 1.84 (quintet, 2H, $J = 7.34$ Hz), 1.57 (s, 9H), 1.39 (s, 9H)	(APCI) 387 [M] ⁺	135- 136°C	20%
119	7.54 (d, 2H, $J = 8.66$ Hz), 7.45 (d, 2H, $J = 8.67$ Hz), 3.20 (t, 2H, $J = 6.79$ Hz), 3.07 (d, 2H, $J = 7.15$ Hz), 2.17 (s, 3H), 2.14 (t, 2H, $J = 7.92$ Hz), 2.05 - 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.56 (quintet, 2H, $J = 7.44$ Hz), 1.09 (d, 6H, $J = 6.78$ Hz)	(APCI) 436 [M] ⁺		24%
120	(CDCl ₃) 8.50 (d, 1H, $J = 2.26$ Hz), 8.08 (dd, $J = 8.66$ Hz, $J = 2.26$ Hz), 7.31 (d, 2H, $J = 9.04$ Hz), 6.96 (d, 2H, $J = 8.66$ Hz), 6.91 (s, 1H), 3.56 (q, 2H, $J = 5.91$ Hz), 3.07 (t, 2H, $J = 6.60$ Hz), 2.79 (s, 6H), 2.11 (quintet, 2H, $J = 6.03$ Hz)	(APCI) 378 [M] ⁺	mp 165- 167ºC	46.5 %
121	8.16 (d, 2H, J = 8.67 Hz), 8.04 (d, 2H, J = 7.16 Hz), 7.97 (d, 2H, J = 8.67 Hz), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.46 (t, 2H, J = 7.35 Hz), 7.37 (d, 1H, J = 7.53 Hz), 3.50 (t, 2H, J = 6.78 Hz), 3.03 (t, 2H, J = 7.54 Hz), 2,77 (s, 6H), 2.00 (quintet, 2H, J = 7.07 Hz)	(APCI) 366 [M]	mp 204- 205°C	66%
122	8.06 (dd, 1H, J = 8.11 Hz, J = 1.7 Hz), 7.34 (t, 2H, J = 8.11 Hz), 7.12 - 7.05 (m, 2H), 6.98 - 6.91 (m, 3H), 6.82 (dd, 1H, J = 8.29 Hz, J = 1.51 Hz), 3.19 (t, 2H, J = 6.78 Hz), 2.26 (s, 6H), 1.73 - 1.63 (quintet, 2H, J = 7.25 Hz)	(FAB) 314 (M + H) ⁺	mp 126- 128°C	44%

123	7.72 (d, 2H, J = 3.39 Hz), 7.57 (d, 2H, J = 3.76 Hz), 7.24 (d, 2H, J = 8.66 Hz), 6.99 (d, 2H, J = 8.67 Hz), 3.16 (t, 2H, J = 6.59 Hz), 2.32 (t, 2H, J = 7.72 Hz), 2.22 (s, 6H), 1.64 (quintet, 2H, J = 7.25 Hz)	(FAB) 370 M ⁺	mp 125- 126ºC	28%
124	7.44 (bs, 4H), 7.31 - 7.11 (m, 4H), 3.25 (t, 2H, J = 6.78 Hz), 2.44 (t, 2H, J = 7.72 Hz), 2.29 (s, 6H), 1.79 - 1.69 (quintet, 2H, J = 7.25 Hz)	(APCI) 316 [M+1H] ⁺		35- 4%

Activity Example 1

5

10

15

20

25

Compounds of the invention were assayed to determine their ability to activate sGC. The assay employed was an enzyme immunoassay to measure changes in cGMP. To perform the assay recombinant soluble Guanylate cyclase was added to 1.1 mg/ml IBMX, 2.6 mg/ml GTP, 667 nM DeaNO and the test compound (10µM). The mixture was then incubated at room temperature for 10 minutes. Compounds were formulated in DMSO diluted in Tris HCl (pH 7.4) buffer and with a final DMSO concentration of <0.5%.

To determine the amount of cGMP produced, the BiotrakTM cGMP enzyme immunoassay system commercially available from AmershamTM was used.

The assay is based on the competition between unlabelled cGMP and a fixed quantity of peroxidase labelled cGMP for a limited amount of cGMP specific antibody. The peroxidase ligand that is bound to the antibody is immobilised on precoated microtitre wells. The amount of labelled cGMP is determined using a one pot stabilised substrate. The concentration of unlabelled cGMP in a sample is determined by interpolation from a standard curve.

The results are shown in Tables 4 to 7. The results shown in Tables 6 and 7 relate to commercially available compounds.

Activity Example 2

The ability of the compounds of the invention to inhibit platelet aggregation was also determined. IC₅₀ values were measured as set out below.

Materials

-65-

Prostacyclin (PGI₂; ICN Pharmaceuticals, Oxford) in Tris (0.05M, pH 9), Sodium citrate solution, Tyrodes solution without calcium (140mM NaCl; 3mM KCl; 12mM NaHCO₃; 0.4mM NaH₂PO₄.H₂O; 2mM MgCl₂.6H₂O; 0.1% Glucose) contains 0.05M Hepes, pH7.4. Collagen (collagenreagent Horm, Nycomed Arzneimittel GmbH, Munchen).

PGI₂ dissolved in Tris buffer (0.05M, pH9). Test compounds dissolved in DMSO (at 10mM) and subsequent dilutions made in Tyrodes; final assay concentration of DMSO did not exceed 0.1% (which is without effect on platelet reactivity).

10

15

20

25

30

5

Platelet Preparation

Platelets prepared according to Vagas, J.R., Radomski, M. and Moncada, S. The use of prostacyclin in the separation from plasma and washing of human platelets. PROSTAGLANDINS 1982; 23:6:929-945.

Briefly, fresh human blood was collected into tubes containing 1:9 sodium citrate (3.15%) and centrifuged immediately at 260g for 20 minutes to separate the red cells from the platelet rich plasma (PRP). The PRP was decanted and PGI₂ (0.3µg/ml) was added. The PRP was then centrifuged at 180g for 10mins to sediment the remaining red and white cells. The resulting PRP was decanted into new tubes, PGI₂ (0.15µg/ml) added and centrifuged at 950 g for 10 mins to sediment the platelets. The resultant platelet poor plasma (PPP) was discarded and the platelet pellet was resuspended in an equal volume of Tyrodes buffer by gently pipetting up and down. The suspension was centrifuged at 870 g for 10mins at 4 °C. The supernatant was discarded and the platelet pellet was resuspended in an equal volume of Tyrodes buffer as before. The platelets were counted (using a Coulter Counter model T540 (address)) and normalised to 250,000cells/µl using Tyrodes. The resultant suspension was placed on ice for approximately 1 hour until use.

Platelet aggregation was monitored using either a Chrono-Log model 560-CA dual channel ormodel 570-4S four channel aggregometer (Chrono-Log Corp., Havertown, PA). Aggregation was analysed by using 0.5 mL aliquots of the platelet suspension at 37 °C using % light transmittance.

5

For each sample, baseline reading was established for a 3 min period, followed by addition of test compound or buffer. An EC₅₀ dose of collagen was added 1 min later and the response measured 3 min after addition of collagen.

Data Analysis

10

The amplitude of each aggregatory response, normalised to the collagen control, was used to plot dose-response curves. The concentration of drug that inhibited collagen-induced platelet aggregation by 50% (IC₅₀) was calculated from the dose-response curves.

15

The results are shown in Tables 4 to 7. The results shown in Tables 6 and 7 relate to commercially available compounds.

-67-

Table 4

	Example	1st Test cGMP Change with 1µM cpd (NO Donor Present), % of DEANO response	IC ₅₀ for Inhibition of Platelet Aggregation (μΜ)
	70	153.79	4
5	71	136.37	10+
	72	135.49	
	73	143.35	
	74	158.0	
	75	163.88	10+
10	76	303.25	6
• •	77	284.9	8
	78	303.77	4
,	79	218.24	10+
	80	244.87	6.5
15	81	230.49	4.5
•	82	224.57	
	83	314.64	6
	84	408.17	3.5
	85	358.65	2
20	86	358.65	10+
20	87	336.16	10+
	88	377.13	10+
	89		10+
	90		6
25	91		2.5
	92		5
	93	,	4
	94		10+
	95		10+
30	96		10+
	97		9.5
	98		10+
	99		5
	101	199.21	
35	100	135.7	
	102	273.17	
	103		8

PCT/GB00/04249

Example	1st Test cGMP Change with 1µM cpd (NO Donor Present), % of DEANO response	IC ₅₀ for Inhibition of Platelet Aggregation (μΜ)
104		10
105	181.53	
106	137.91	
108	129.29	
107	125.26	
111	476.39	10+
109		7
110		10+

Table 5

			IC ₅₀ for Inhibition
	·	1st Test cGMP Change with 1mM cpd (NO	of Platelet
	Example	Donor Present), % of DEANO response	Aggregation (µM)
	1	93.33	3.5
5 .	2	145.84	6
	3	132.77	10+
	4	184.86	7
	5	134.99	5
	6	131.66	8
10	7	178.03	
	8	125.15	2
	12	128.76	
	13	169.14	
	14	166.45	
15	9	153.88	1.0+
	10	157.53	6
	11	174.75	6
	15	201.95	6
	16	282.88	6.5
20	17	173.64	6
	18	201.95	. 10+
	19	209.14	10+
	20	459.96	5
	21	250.98	10+
25	22	186.32	
	23	225.46	,
	24	249.76	
	25	142.96	
	26	299.44	1.5
30	27	338.6	6
	28	144.71	
	29	256.76	3.5
•	30	201.33	3
	31	353.4	1.5

		Let Test cGMP Change with 1mM and OIO	IC ₅₀ for Inhibition of Platelet
	Example	1st Test cGMP Change with 1mM cpd (NO Donor Present), % of DEANO response	Aggregation (μM)
,	32	151.68	10+
	34	322.81	6
	35	363.36	10+
	36	296.59	10+
5	37	337.89	10+
,	38	295.16	10+
	39	312.4	10+
	40	418.37	10+
	41	455.13	10+
10	42	181.88	8
	43	215.41	10+
	44	457.39	10+
	45	218.66	5
	46		10+
15	47		10+
	48		10+
	49		10+
	50		10+
	52		10+
20	53		9
	54		5
	55		7
	56		6.5
	57		3
25	58		3
	59		10+
	60		7.5
	61		1.5
	62		7
30	63		9.5
	64		10+
	65		10+
	33		7

Table 6

	Compound	1st Test cGMP	IC ₅₀ for
		Change with 1µM	
		cpd (NO Donor	Platelet
	·	Present), % of	Aggregation
	·	DEANO response	(μM)
	1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-	- 156.75	·
	dimethylethylamido)-6-pyridone (CFM1882)		
5	1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(3-N,N-dimethylpropylamido)-6-pyridone (CFM1883)	421.09	20
	1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-2-pyridone (CFM1884)	207.03	
10	1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-2-pyridone (CFM1885)	194.38	
	1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(N-[2,N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido])-2-pyridone (CFM1886)	204.61	
15	1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(N-[2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido])-6-pyridone (CFM1887)	154.78	
	5-chloro-1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido)-6-pyridone (CFM1888)	140.94	·
20	5-chloro-3-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido)-1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-6-pyridone (CFM1889)	135.6	
	5-chloro-1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylaminoethylamido])-2-pyridone (CFM1890)	202.02	
25	5-chloro-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-(N',N'-dimethylamino)ethyl)amido-2-pyridone (CFM1891)	170.53	
30	5-chloro-1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-N-(2-(N',N'-dimethylamino)ethyl)amido-2-pyridone (CFM1892)	164.85	·

Compound		IC ₅₀ for
•	Change with 1µM	Inhibition of
	cpd (NO Donor	Platelet
	Present), % of	Aggregation
	DEANO response	(μΜ)
1-benzyl-5-chloro-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylamino] ethyl)carboxamido-6-pyridone (CFM1893)	148.43	
5-chloro-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylamino]ethyl)carboxamido-6-pyridone (CFM1894)	144.32	
4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl)pyrrole-2-N-dimethylaminopropylcarboxamide (CFM1985)	360.01	
4-[(N-[3-(N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl)] carboxamido]-2-phenylthiazole (CFM1896)	334.25	10
4-(N-(3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl) carboxamido)-2-(4-pyridinyl)thiazole (CFM1897	296.23	
2-[4-(N-[3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl] carboxamido)phenyl-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl thiazole (CF1898)	269.18	1.5
4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(4-[3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl]carboxamido)phenyl)	233.13	3 1.5
1-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)-3-[N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)carboxamido]-2[1H]-pyridone (CFM1900)	149.3.	3
N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-4-(3-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridyloxy)phenylsulfonamide (CFM1901)	191.	9
N1-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-3-[3-chloro-5- (trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridyl]propanamide (CFM1902)	309.7	3
3-(N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)carboxamido]-1- (4-trifluoromethylbenzyl))-2[1H]-pyridone (CFM1905)	169.3	5
1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)urea (CFM1917)	266.	6

Compound	1st Test cGMP	IC ₅₀ for
	Change with 1µM	
	,	Platelet
•	//	Aggregation
	DEANO response	(μM)
1-(3-(dimethylamino)-propyl)-3-phenylurea (CFM1918)	281.16	
N1-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenyl]-N2-[3- (dimethylamino)propyl]ethanediamide (CFM1935)	207.01	
N4-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methylisoxazole-4-carboxamide (CFM1936)	142.14	
N-[[3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methylisoxazol-4 -yl]carbonyl]-N'-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]urea (CFM1937)	334.47	
N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-[3-dimethylaminopropyl] urea (CFM1938)	299.26	

10

5

Table 7

		1st Test cGMP
		Change with 1mM
	Compound	cpd (NO Donor
		Present), % of
		DEANO response
5 _.	N-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propylamino)p	174.42
	ropionamide	
	[3-(2-Ethyl-6-methyl-pyridin-3-yloxy)-propyl]-dimethyl	188.03
	-amine	
	8-(3-Dimethylamino-propoxy)-1,3,7-trimethyl-3,7-dihydro	191.65
10	-purine-2,6-dione	
	2-(3-Dimethylamino-propylamino)-isophthalonitrile	213.04
	Dimethylamino-(3-methyl-benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)-propan-1	279.33
	-one (HCl)	
	N-Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3	184.90
15	-diamine	:
	N,N-Dimethyl-N-(5-nitro-quinolin-8-yl)-propane-1,3	219.03
	-diamine	
	1-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea	421.21
	2-Amino-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide	363.98
20	3-Phenyl-acrylic acid 3-dimethylamino-propyl ester	298.89
	3,5-Dinitro-benzoic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester	141.22
	[4-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3H-thiazol	204.10
	-2-ylidene]-phenyl-amine	
•	3-Methyl-benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid dimethylamino	197.46
25	-dimethyl-propyl ester	37.10
		· · · <u></u> -J

	N'-(2-Chloro-4-nitro-phenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3	161.70
	-diamine	
	[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-5-(4-nitro-phenyl)-3H-thiazol	157.02
	-2-ylidene]-phenyl-amine	
5	[3-(10,11-Dihydro-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)	150.39
	-propyl]-dimethyl-amine	
	2,3-Dimethyl-1H-indole-5-carboxylic acid 2-dimethylamino	217.3
	-ethyl ester	
•	N'-(3,4-Dinitro-5-pyridin-2-yl-thiophen-2-yl)-N,N-dimethyl	282.12
10	-propane-1,3-diamine	
	Cyclooctyl-dithiocarbamic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester	185.31
	(HCI)	
	N-(2,6-Difluoro-phenyl)-C-dimethylamino-acetamide	168.99
	2-Acetylamino-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-N-(3-dimethylamino	142.31
15	-propyl)-acrylamide	
	N-[2-[5-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-furan-2-yl]-1-(3-dimethylamino	163.49
	-propylcarbamoyl)-vinyl]-4-methyl-benzamide	
	2,6-Bis-(3-dimethylamino-propylamino)-3-nitro-benzonitrile	167.75
	N-[2-(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-phenyl]-N'-(3-dimethylamino	328.31
20	-propyl)-oxalamide	
	3,5-Dichloro-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2,6-dimethoxy	193.93
	-benzamide	
	2-Dimethylaminomethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-naphthalen-1	175.73
	-one (HCl)	
25	2-({1-[N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-trifluoromethyl	231.40
	-phenyl]-methanimidoyl}-amino)-6-fluoro-benzoic acid	

2,4-Dichloro-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-N'-hydroxy	212.83
-benzamidine	
3-(3-Methyl-ureido)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-2	305.22
-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide	
5-Bromo-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2-hydroxy-benzamide	258.28
N-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-6-(2-dimethylamino-ethylsulfanyl)	162.85
-4-trifluoromethyl-nicotinamide	
1-(2,6-Dichloro-benzyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-pyridine-3	149.44
-carboxylic acid (2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-amide	
3-Amino-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-2-carboxylic acid	230.76
(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide	

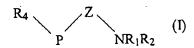
15

10

20

CLAIMS

Use of a compound of the formula (I), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt 1. thereof, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the activation of soluble guanylate cyclase



wherein:

10

5

- R_1 and R_2 are the same or different and each represent a C_1 - C_6 alkyl group, or R₁ and R₂ together form a C₃-C₆ alkylene group;
- Z is a C₁-C₄ alkylene group;
- P is a direct bond or a moiety -X-, -Y-, -W-, -XY-, -YW- or -XYW-, wherein:

15

- W is -O-, -S-, or -NR₃, wherein R₃ is hydrogen or C₁-C₆ alkyl;
- Y is a moiety -U-V- wherein V is a direct bond or a C₁-C₆ alkylene group and U is -CS-, -CO-, -S(O)2- or -C(=NR)wherein R is hydrogen, hydroxy or C1-C6 alkyl;

20

X is -O- or -NR6- wherein R6 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, C2-C6 alkynyl, aryl or heteroaryl; and

 R_4 is C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl, heterocyclyl, a group -R-A wherein R is -(C1-C6 alkyl)-, -(C2-C6 alkenyl)- or -(C2-C6 alkynyl)- and A is aryl, heteroaryl, carbocycyl or heterocyclyl, or R_4 is a group -COR", -CO₂R", -S(O)₂R" or -CONR'R" wherein R' is hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C2-C6 alkenyl or

 C_2 - C_6 alkynyl and R'' is is aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl or

heterocyclyl.

25

Use according to claim 1, wherein R₁ and/or R₂ are methyl. 2.

- 3. Use according to claim 1 or 2, wherein Z is propylene.
- 4. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein P is -XYW- or -YW-.

5

- 5. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein W is -O- or -NR₃- wherein R_3 is as defined in claim 1.
- 6. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein Y is -CO-.

10

15 -

- 7. Use according to any one of the preceding claims wherein X is -NH-.
- 8. Use according to any one of the preceding claims wherein R_4 is C_1 - C_6 alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl, heterocyclyl, - $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-aryl, - $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-heteroaryl or -COR'', - CO_2R'' or -CONR'R'' wherein R' is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 alkyl and R'' is an aryl, heteroaryl, carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl group.
- 9. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein P is -XYW-, X is -NH- and R₄ is phenyl, thienyl or pyrazolyl.

20

- 10. Use according to any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein P is -YW- and R_4 is a chromonyl, pyrazolyl, thienyl, phenyl or indolyl group.
- 11. Use according to claim 1, wherein the compound of formula (I) is

 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2-phenoxy-phenyl)-urea

 1-[2-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-pyridin-3-yl]-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-urea

 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-pyren-1-ylmethyl-urea

 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[(1R,2R)-5-phenyl-2-(1-phenyl-methanoyl)-cyclohexyl]-urea

1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[2-(4-phenoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-urea 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[3-methyl-5-(4-methyl-[1,2,3]thiadiazol-5yl)-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-urea 2'-[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-biphenyl-2-carboxylic acid (4-5 fluoro-phenyl)-amide N-(3-Chloro-4-methyl-phenyl)-4-[3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-3phenyl-butyramide 1-[4-(4-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-thiophen-3-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)urea 10 1-[2-(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-quinolin-4-yl]-3-(4-dimethylaminopropyl)-urea 1-(6-Bromo-2-thiophen-3-yl-quinolin-4-yl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea 1-[3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-cyano-5-isobutylsulfanyl-thiophen-2-yl]-3-(3dimethylamino-propyl)-urea 1-[6-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-cyclohex-3-enyl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-15 urea 1-(2-Benzylsulfanyl-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea 2-{2-[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-phenylsulfanyl}-N-phenylbenzenesulfonamide 20 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2'-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-urea N-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-2-{3-[3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-pyridin-2-ylsulfanyl}-acetamide 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-{2-[1-(1-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4,9-tetrahydro-bcarbolin-2-yl)-methanoyl]-phenyl}-urea 25 8-{2-[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-ureido]-phenylsulfanyl}-naphthalene-1carboxylic acid methylamide 1-[1-(3,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridin-3-yl]-3-(3dimethylamino-propyl)-urea 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(3-oxo-1,2,3-triphenyl-propyl)-urea

1-[5-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-3-(3dimethylamino-propyl)-urea 1-{4-[4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-thiazol-2-yl]-phenyl}-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-urea 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-thiophen-2-yl]-urea 5 1-[3-(4-tert-Butyl-benzyloxy)-thiophen-2-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)urea 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-[4-(4-phenyl-thiazol-2-yl)-phenyl]-urea 1-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-benzylsulfanyl)-thiophen-2-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-10 propyl)-urea 1-[2-(5-Chloro-1-methyl-3-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-4-ylmethylsulfanyl)-phenyl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea 1-[2-(4-Chloro-benzylsulfanyl)-3-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazolin-7-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-{4-[4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidin-2-15 ylsulfanylmethyl]-phenyl}-urea 1-(4-Bromophenyl)-3-(3-(1-pyrrolidinyl) propyl) urea 1-(4-Bromophenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea 3-(4-Bromophenyl)-1-methyl-1-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea 1-(3-Phenyl-5-methoxy phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea 20 3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-methyl-1-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea 1-(3-Nitrophenyl)-1-benzyl-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea 1-Benzyl-1-(4-methyl-3-pyridinyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea 1-Methyl-1-(3,5-bistrifluoromethylphenyl)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)urea 1-(2-Phenacyl-4-chorophenyl)-1-methyl-3-(3-dimethylamino propyl) urea 25 1-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) urea 1-(3-Fluoro-5-trifluoromethylphenyl)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) urea 1-(3-N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-benzylamino)-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) urea N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-fluorobenzoyl]-benzamide

2-[1-(4-Chlorobenzoyl]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide 5-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 5-Chloro-3-phenyl-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-5 amide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-(2-phenylsulfamoyl-phenylsulfanyl)benzamide 2-Benzylsulfanyl-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide 6,8-Di-tert-butyl-4-oxo-4H-chromene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino 10 -propyl)-amide 3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-cyano-5-isobutylsulfanyl-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 4-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3-nitro-benzamide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-(4-phenyl-thiazol-2-yl)-benzamide 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2-phenoxyphenyl)-urea 15 1-[4-(4-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-thiophen-3-yl]-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl) -urea 1-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2'-fluoro-biphenyl-4-yl)-urea N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-fluorobenzoyl]-benzamide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-phenoxy-benzamide 20 N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-phenoxy-benzamide 2-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-nicotinamide 4'-n-Propyl-biphenyl-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 2-[1-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-methanoyl]-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 25 5-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-furan-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylaminopropyl)-amide 2-[1-(4-Chlorobenzoyl]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide 2-Phenyl-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide

2-[1-(4-Chloro-3-nitrobenzoyl)]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-pyren-1-yl-acetamide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(3-methyl-benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)methanoyl]-benzamide 4-Chloro-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2-phenoxy-benzamide 5 N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(4-phenoxy-phenyl)-propionamide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(1-trifluoromethyl-1,3,4,9-tetrahydro-bcarbolin-2-yl)-methanoyl]-benzamide 1-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2,5-dimethyl-1-pyrrole-3-carboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 10 2-{1-[(3-Dimethylamino-propylcarbamoyl)-methyl]-cyclopentyl}-N-(4trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-acetamide 8-[2-(3-Dimethylamino-propylcarbamoyl)-phenylsulfanyl]-naphthalene-1carboxylic acid methylamide 3-Methyl-5-(4-methyl-[1,2,3]thiadiazol-5-yl)-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-15 1H-pyrazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 6,8-Di-tert-butyl-4-oxo-4H-chromene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylaminopropyl)-amide 2-(Furan-2-yl)-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide Biphenyl-2,2'-dicarboxylic acid 2'-[(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide]-2-[(4-20 fluoro-phenyl)-amide] 3-Phenyl-pentanedioic acid (3-chloro-4-methyl-phenyl)-amide (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 2-(3,4-Dimethoxy-phenyl)-6-methyl-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 25 6-Bromo-(2-thiophen-3-yl)-quinoline-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylaminopropyl)-amide 3-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-4-cyano-5-isobutylsulfanyl-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide

	4-(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3-nitro-penzamide
	6-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-cyclohex-3-ene carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-
	propyl)-amide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-(2-phenylsulfamoyl-phenylsulfanyl)-
5	benzamide
	2'-Fluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	2-Benzylsulfanyl-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
	Pyrazine-2,3-dicarboxylic acid 2-[(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide] 3-
	[(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-naphthalen-1-yl)-amide]
10	2-[(3,5-Dichloro-phenylcarbamoyl)-methylsulfanyl]-N-(3-dimethylamino-
	propyl)-nicotinamide
	2-(3-Trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-
	propyl)-amide
•	2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
15	amide
	5-Chloro-1-(2,4-dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic
	acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	1-(2,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
20	5-Chloro-1-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic
	acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	1-(3,4-Dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (3-
	dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	5-Chloro-1-(2,6-dichloro-benzyl)-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic
25	acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	1,1-Dimethyl-indan-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-ethyl-phenyl)-methanoyl]-benzamide
	N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-(2,4,5-trimethyl-phenyl)-butyramide
	2-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-ureido]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamid

N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-oxo-2,3,4-triphenyl-butyramide 5-(4-Chloro-phenylsulfanyl)-[1,2,3]thiadiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 2-(3-Chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-pyridin-2-ylsulfanyl)-3-methyl-3H-imidazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 5 2-(2-Chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-[1,3]-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 2-(2,3-Dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 2-(2,3-Dichloro-phenyl)-1,3-thiazole-4-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-10 propyl)-amide 4-[4-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-thiazol-2-yl]-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide 5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)amide. 4-Methyl-2-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiazole-5-carboxylic acid (3-15 dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 3-(4-tert-Butyl-benzyloxy)-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylaminopropyl)-amide 4-Oxo-3-(3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-3,4-dihydro-phthalazine-1-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 20 2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-4-oxo-4-phenylbutyramide ' 5-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-(4-phenyl-thiazol-2-yl)-benzamide 25 1-(2,4,5-Trichloro-phenylsulfonyl)-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 3-(3,4-Dichloro-benzylsulfanyl)-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3-

dimethylamino-propyl)-amide

5-Chloro-3-phenyl-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)amide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-[1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-1H-indol-3-yl]acetamide 2-Phenyl-imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-5 propyl)-amide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-2-(7-ethyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-4-oxo-4-phenylbutyramide Phenyl-trifluoromethyl-thieno[3,2-b]pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 10 3-(4-Nitro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenoxy)-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid (3dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 2-(5-Chloro-1-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-ylmethylsulfanyl)-N-(3dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide 2-(4-Chloro-benzylsulfanyl)-3-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-7 15 -carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-4-[4-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-pyrimidin-2 -ylsulfanylmethyl]-benzamide 1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-6-pyridone 1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(3-N,N-dimethylpropylamido)-6-pyridone 20 1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-2-pyridone 1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-2-pyridone 1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(N-[2,N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido])-2-pyridone 1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(N-[2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido])-6-pyridone 5-chloro-1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido)-6 25 -pyridone 5-chloro-3-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido)-1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-6pyridone

5-chloro-1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylaminoethylamido])-2pyridone 5-chloro-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-(N',N'-dimethylamino)ethyl)amido-2pyridone 5-chloro-1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-N-(2-(N',N'-dimethylamino)ethyl) amido-2-pyridone 1-benzyl-5-chloro-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylamino]ethyl)carboxamido-6pyridone 5-chloro-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylamino]ethyl)carboxamido -6-pyridone 10 4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl)pyrrole-2-N-dimethylaminopropylcarboxamide 4-[(N-[3-(N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl)]carboxamido]-2-phenylthiazole 4-(N-(3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl)carboxamido)-2-(4-pyridinyl)thiazole 2-[4-(N-[3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl]carboxamido)phenyl-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)]thiazole 15 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(4-[3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl]carboxamido)phenyl) thiazole 1-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)-3-[N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl) carboxamido]-2[1H]-pyridone N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-4-(3-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridyloxy) 20 phenylsulfonamide N1-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-3-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridyl] propanamide 3-(N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)carboxamido]-1-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl))-2 [1H]-pyridone 25 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)urea 1-(3-(dimethylamino)-propyl)-3-phenylurea N1-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenyl]-N2-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl] ethanediamide

N4-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methylisoxazole-4-c arboxamide N-[[3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methylisoxazol-4-yl]carbonyl]-N'-[3-(dimethyla mino)propyl]urea N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-[3-dimethylaminopropyl]urea 5 N-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propylamino)-propionamide [3-(2-Ethyl-6-methyl-pyridin-3-yloxy)-propyl]-dimethyl-amine 8-(3-Dimethylamino-propoxy)-1,3,7-trimethyl-3,7-dihydro-purine-2,6-dione 2-(3-Dimethylamino-propylamino)-isophthalonitrile Dimethylamino-(3-methyl-benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)-propan-1-one (HCl) 10 N-Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3-diamine N,N-Dimethyl-N-(5-nitro-quinolin-8-yl)-propane-1,3-diamine 1-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea 2-Amino-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide 3-Phenyl-acrylic acid 3-dimethylamino-propyl ester 15 3.5-Dinitro-benzoic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester [4-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3H-thiazol-2-ylidene]phenyl-amine 3-Methyl-benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid dimethylamino-dimethyl-propyl ester N'-(2-Chloro-4-nitro-phenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3-diamine 20

[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-5-(4-nitro-phenyl)-3H-thiazol-2-ylidene]phenyl-amine
[3-(10,11-Dihydro-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)-propyl]-dimethylamine

2,3-Dimethyl-1H-indole-5-carboxylic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester
N'-(3,4-Dinitro-5-pyridin-2-yl-thiophen-2-yl)-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3diamine

Cyclooctyl-dithiocarbamic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester (HCl) N-(2,6-Difluoro-phenyl)-C-dimethylamino-acetamide

- 2-Acetylamino-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-acrylamide N-[2-[5-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-furan-2-yl]-1-(3-dimethylamino-propyl carbamoyl)-vinyl]-4-methyl-benzamide 2,6-Bis-(3-dimethylamino-propylamino)-3-nitro-benzonitrile N-[2-(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-phenyl]-N'-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-5 oxalamide 3,5-Dichloro-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2,6-dimethoxy-benzamide 2-Dimethylaminomethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-naphthalen-1-one (HCl) 2-({1-[N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]methanimidoyl}-amino)-6-fluoro-benzoic acid 10 2,4-Dichloro-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-N'-hydroxy-benzamidine 3-(3-Methyl-ureido)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 5-Bromo-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2-hydroxy-benzamide N-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-6-(2-dimethylamino-ethylsulfanyl)-4-15 trifluoromethyl-nicotinamide 1-(2,6-Dichloro-benzyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic acid (2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-amide 3-Amino-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-2-carboxylic acid (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide 20
 - 12. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the medicament is for use as a vasodilator or to inhibit platelet aggregation.
- Use according to claim 12, wherein the medicament is for use in the treatment or prevention of a peripheral vascular disease, glaucoma, agerelated macular degeneration, preeclampsia, Raynaud's Syndrome, stroke or erectile dysfunction.

14. A method of treating a patient in need of an activator of soluble guanylate cyclase, which method comprises administering to said patient an effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 11, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

5

20

- 15. A compound of the formula (I), as defined in any one of claims 1 to 11, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for use in the treatment of the human or animal body by therapy.
- 16. A compound of the formula (I), as defined in any one of claims i to 11, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, excluding the following compounds:
 - 2-Benzylsulfanyl-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
 - N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-phenoxy-benzamide
 - 1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-6-pyridone
- 15 1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(3-N,N-dimethylpropylamido)-6-pyridone
 - 1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-2-pyridone
 - 1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylethylamido)-2-pyridone
 - 1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(N-[2,N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido])-2-pyridone
 - 1-(2,6-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(N-[2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido])-6-pyridone
 - 5-chloro-1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido)-6-pyridone
 - 5-chloro-3-(2-N,N-dimethylaminoethylamido)-1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-6-pyridone
 - 5-chloro-1-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylaminoethylamido])-2-
- 25 pyridone
 - 5-chloro-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-(N',N'-dimethylamino)ethyl)amido-2-pyridone
 - 5-chloro-1-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-3-N-(2-(N',N'-dimethylamino)ethyl) amido-2-pyridone

1-benzyl-5-chloro-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylamino]ethyl)carboxamido-6pyridone 5-chloro-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-3-N-(2-[N',N'-dimethylamino]ethyl) carboxamido-6-pyridone 4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl)pyrrole-2-N-dimethylaminopropylcarboxamide 5 4-[(N-[3-(N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl)]carboxamido]-2-phenylthiazole 4-(N-(3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl)carboxamido)-2-(4-pyridinyl)thiazole 2-[4-(N-[3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl]carboxamido)phenyl-4-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl]thiazole 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(4-[3-N',N'-dimethylaminopropyl]carboxamido)phenyl) 10 thiazole 1-(3,5-bis(trofluoromethyl)benzyl)-3-[N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl) carboxamido]-2[1H]-pyridone N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-4-(3-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridyloxy) 15 phenylsulfonamide N1-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-3-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridyl] propanamide 3-(N-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)carboxamido]-1-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl))-2 [1H]-pyridone 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)urea 20 1-(3-(dimethylamino)-propyl)-3-phenylurea N1-[2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenyl]-N2-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl] ethanediamide N4-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methylisoxazole-4-c 25 arboxamide N-[[3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methylisoxazol-4-yl]carbonyl]-N'-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]urea N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N'-[3-dimethylaminopropyl]urea N-(3,5-Dichloro-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propylamino)-propionamide

	[3-(2-Ethyl-6-methyl-pyridin-3-yloxy)-propyl]-dimethyl-amine
	8-(3-Dimethylamino-propoxy)-1,3,7-trimethyl-3,7-dihydro-purine-2,6-dione
	2-(3-Dimethylamino-propylamino)-isophthalonitrile
	Dimethylamino-(3-methyl-benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl)-propan-1-one (HCl)
5	N-Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3-diamine
	N,N-Dimethyl-N-(5-nitro-quinolin-8-yl)-propane-1,3-diamine
	1-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-urea
	2-Amino-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-benzamide
	3-Phenyl-acrylic acid 3-dimethylamino-propyl ester
.0	3,5-Dinitro-benzoic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester
	[4-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-3-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3H-thiazol-2-ylidene]-
	phenyl-amine
	3-Methyl-benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid dimethylamino-dimethyl-propyl ester
	N'-(2-Chloro-4-nitro-phenyl)-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3-diamine
15	[3-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-5-(4-nitro-phenyl)-3H-thiazol-2-ylidene]-
	phenyl-amine
	[3-(10,11-Dihydro-dibenzo[a,d]cyclohepten-5-ylidene)-propyl]-dimethyl-
	amine
	2,3-Dimethyl-1H-indole-5-carboxylic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester
20	N'-(3,4-Dinitro-5-pyridin-2-yl-thiophen-2-yl)-N,N-dimethyl-propane-1,3-
	diaminé
	Cyclooctyl-dithiocarbamic acid 2-dimethylamino-ethyl ester (HCl)
	N-(2,6-Difluoro-phenyl)-C-dimethylamino-acetamide
	2-Acetylamino-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-acrylamide
25	N-[2-[5-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-furan-2-yl]-1-(3-dimethylamino-
•	propylcarbamoyl)-vinyl]-4-methyl-benzamide
	2,6-Bis-(3-dimethylamino-propylamino)-3-nitro-benzonitrile
	N-[2-(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-phenyl]-N'-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-
	oxalamide

5

- $3,5\text{-}Dichloro\text{-}N\text{-}(3\text{-}dimethylamino\text{-}propyl)\text{-}2,6\text{-}dimethoxy\text{-}benzamide}$
- 2-Dimethylaminomethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-naphthalen-1-one (HCl)
- $\hbox{$2$-(\{1-[N-(3-Dimethylamino-propyl)-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]-$}\\$

methanimidoyl}-amino)-6-fluoro-benzoic acid

- 2,4-Dichloro-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-N'-hydroxy-benzamidine
- 3-(3-Methyl-ureido)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-2-carboxylic acid
- (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide
- 5-Bromo-N-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-2-hydroxy-benzamide
- N-(2,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-6-(2-dimethylamino-ethylsulfanyl)-4-
- 10 trifluoromethyl-nicotinamide
 - 1-(2,6-Dichloro-benzyl)-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
 - (2-dimethylamino-ethyl)-amide
 - 3-Amino-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-quinazoline-2-carboxylic acid
 - (3-dimethylamino-propyl)-amide

ച Application No interd PCT/GB 00/04249

Relevant to claim No.

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 C07C235/84 C07C235/50 C07C235/60 C07D213/82 C07C233/78 C07C275/36 C07C275/38 C07C275/24 C07C235/82 CO7D307/68 A61K31/34 A61K31/17 A61K31/165 A61K31/455

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Category *

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)} \\ \mbox{IPC 7} & \mbox{C07C} & \mbox{C07D} \end{array}$

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, CHEM ABS Data, BEILSTEIN Data

Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages

	1		
X	DE 197 56 388 A (HOECHST MARIO GMBH) 24 June 1999 (1999-06-24 page 1, line 44 - line 48; cla examples 11,18,27,40,63)	1-3,5,7, 8,12-16
X	FR 2 670 780 A (SYNTHELABO) 26 June 1992 (1992-06-26) see compounds in the table and corresponding intermediates ac		15,16
A	formula II in annex 1 see page 12, lines 1-30		12
		-/	
•			
X Furt	ther documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members are listed	in annex.
'A' docum consider filing of the consider of the country of the co	ategories of cited documents: ient defining the general state of the art which is not dered to be of particular relevance document but published on or after the international date ent which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publication date of another on or other special reason (as specified) nent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or means ent published prior to the international filing date but than the priority date claimed	 "T" later document published after the International filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. "&" document member of the same patent lamity 	
Date of the	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international se	arch report
1	11 January 2001	3 0. 01. 01	!
Name and	mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2	Authorized officer	

Inter al Application No PCT/GB 00/04249

	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
х	CATANESE B ET AL: "EFFECTS OF BENZYDAMINE AND OTHER NON-STEROIDAL ANTI-INFLAMMATORY DRUGS ON PLATELET AGGREGATION INDUCED BY: ARACHIDONIC ACID, ADP AND COLLAGEN" BOLLETTINO CHIMICO FARMACEUTICO,IT,SOCIETA EDITORIALE FARMACEUTICA, MILANO, vol. 125, no. 7, 1986, pages 228-233, XP000879042 ISSN: 0006-6648 page 228, right-hand column, line 9 - line	15,16
A	14	12
X	US 2 777 853 A (N. STEIGER, N. J. NUTLEY) 15 January 1957 (1957-01-15) column 2, line 33 - line 41; claim 1; examples	15,16
X	DE 19 26 754 A (LABORATOIRES JAQUES LOGEAIS) 16 July 1970 (1970-07-16) claims 1,19,20; examples	15,16
X	DE 11 56 080 B (LÄÄKETEHDAS ORION OY) examples	15,16
X	US 3 170 955 A (R. K. RICHARDS ET AL.) 23 February 1965 (1965-02-23) column 1, line 24 - line 28; examples	15,16
X	HITOSHI UNO ET AL.: "Studies on 3-Substituted 1,2-Benzisoxazole Derivatives 6. Synthesis of 3-(sulfamoylmethyl)-1,2-benzisoxazole Derivatives and Their Anticonvulsant Activities" J. MED. CHEM., vol. 22, no. 2, 1979, pages 180-3, XP000973082 see table I, compound n	15,16
X	DATABASE BEILSTEIN 'Online! Beilsteininformationssysteme; XP002156963 see abstract and substance 2128951 & J. MED. CHEM., vol. 24, no. 7, 1981, pages 798-06,	15,16
Χ .	DE 10 20 636 B (J. R. GEIGY AG.) examples	16
X	DE 890 958 C (FARBENFABRIKEN BAYER AG) examples/	16

Interi nal Application No PCT/GB 00/04249

	PC1/GB 00/04249	
	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category °	Cilation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	DE 28 47 792 A (LEO PHARM PROD LTD) 10 May 1979 (1979-05-10) see table page 23, example 5	16
X	US 2 553 093 A (R. M. JACOB ET AL.) 15 May 1951 (1951-05-15) see column 4, lines 36-37, 70-71, column 5, lines 8-9, 28-29 and examples XVIII and XIX, intermediates corresponding to the intermediate described in column 5, line 28-29, column 6, lines 47-48	16
X	US 2 628 224 A (TH. LE SUEUR CAIRNS, J. C. SAUER) 10 February 1953 (1953-02-10) see colum 5, table left side	16
X	DATABASE BEILSTEIN 'Online! Beilsteininformationssysteme; XP002156964 see substance BRN 1735535 & J. AM. CHEM. SOC., vol. 77, 1955, page 4599	16
X	DATABASE BEILSTEIN 'Online! Beilsteininformationssysteme; XP002156965 see substance BRN 1698161 & J. AM. CHEM. SOC., vol. 74, 1952, page 1313	16
X	DATABASE BEILSTEIN 'Online! Beilsteininformationssysteme; XP002156966 see substance BRN 165200 & C.R. HEBD. SEANCES ACAD. SCI., vol. 244, 1957, page 1791, 1792	16
X .	DATABASE BEILSTEIN 'Online! Beilsteininformationssysteme; XP002156967 see substance BRN 3286902 & J. CHEM. AM. SOC., vol. 78, 1956, page 6123, 6125	16
X	DATABASE BEILSTEIN 'Online! Beilsteininformationssysteme; XP002156968 see substance BRN 2355427 & J. ORG. CHEM., vol. 26, 1961, pages 2525-28,	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Inter tal Application No PCT/GB 00/04249

C.(Continu	Intinuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category °			
		···	
X	DATABASE BEILSTEIN 'Online! Beilsteininformationssysteme; XPO02156969 see substance BRN 216878	•	16
	& J. AM. CHEM. SOC., vol. 66, 1944, page 540		
Α .	EP 0 908 456 A (HOECHST MARION ROUSSEL DE GMBH) 14 April 1999 (1999-04-14) page 2, line 44 - line 21; claims 1,10,11		1-14
A	US 5 478 956 A (OTTOW ECKHARDT ET AL) 26 December 1995 (1995-12-26) column 3, line 21 -column 4, line 42; claims 1,8		1-14
Ρ, Χ	WO 00 27394 A (GLEN ROBERT ; MADGE DAVID (GB); SELWOOD DAVID (GB); UNIV LONDON (GB) 18 May 2000 (2000-05-18) the whole document		1-16
Ρ,χ	DE 198 36 697 A (HOECHST MARION ROUSSEL DE GMBH) 17 February 2000 (2000-02-17) page 7, line 52 - line 65; claims 1,9-12; example 105		1-3,7,8, 12-16
•			ļ
•			,
	· .		
		•	

ational application No. PCT/GB 00/04249

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. X Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically: see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple Inventions in this international application, as follows:
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international Search Report covers all searchable claims.
As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

The initial phase of the search for claims 15 and 16 revealed a very large number of documents relevant to the issue of novelty (a random selection has been cited in the search report). So many documents were retrieved that it is impossible to determine which parts of the claims may be said to define subject-matter for which protection might legitimately be sought (Article 6 PCT). For these reasons, a meaningful search over the whole breadth of the claim(s) is impossible. Furthermore, the present claims 1-14 relate to an extremely large number of possible compounds. Support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT is to be found, however, for only a very small proportion of the methods claimed. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible.

As a consequence of the aformentioned objections, the search has been concentrated on those parts of the claims which appear to be supported and disclosed, namely those parts relating to compounds of the following general formula -C(=0)N-CH2-CH2-CH2-NR1R2 wherein R1/R2 are at least CH2 or form a ring together form a carbocyclic ring. Despite the limitation too many documents were retrieved which are relevant to the issue of novelty of claim 15 and 16. Therefore, neither the search nor the search report may be considered complete for those claims. The documents cited for claims 15 and 16 are merely a random selection of the relevant documents.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

Information on patent family members

Inter nal Application No
PCT/GB 00/04249

		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			PCT/GE	3 00/04249
	atent document d in search report		Publication date		atent family nember(s)		Publication date
DE	19756388	A	24-06-1999	AU WO EP	22708 99324 10401	60 A	12-07-1999 01-07-1999 04-10-2000
FR	2670780	Α	26-06-1992	NONE			
US	2777853	Α	15-01-1957	NONE			
DE	1926754	Α	16-07-1970	BE FR GB	7334 15861 12395	12 A	03-11-1969 13-02-1970 21-07-1971
DE	1156080	В		NONE			
US	3170955	Α	23-02-1965	NONE			
DE	1020636	В		NONE			
DE	890958	С		NONE			
DE	2847792	A	10-05-1979	AT AT AU AU BE CH	4749 7833 24079 20091 650 474 11000 540737 630488 804 78110 1887 162	78 A B A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	16-04-1980
US	2553093	. A	15-05-1951	NONE			
US	2628224	Α	10-02-1953	NONE			
EP	0908456	A	14-04-1999	DE AU BR CA CN	197440 87912 98038 22495 12143	98 A 80 A 42 A	08-04-1999 22-04-1999 02-05-2000 06-04-1999 21-04-1999

information on patent family members

Inter al Application No PCT/GB 00/04249

	atent document I in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)		Publication date
EP	0908456	Α		CZ	9803205	Α	14-04-1999
				HU	9802224	Α	28-12-1999
				JP	11302277	Α	02-11-1999
				PL	329042	Α	12-04-1999
				US	6162819	Α	19-12-2000
US	5478956	Α	26-12-1995	DE	4038128	A	04-06-1992
				AT	154031	T	15-06-1997
				ΑU	661831	В	10-08-1995
				. AU	8946091	Α	25-06-1992
			•	CA	2097079		28-05-1992
			•	DE	59108744	D	10-07-1997
				DK	559690	Ţ	29-12-1997
				WO	9209618		11-06-1992
				EP	0559690	Α	15-09-1993
				ES	2106091	T	01-11-1997
				FΙ	932388	Α	26-05-1993
				GR	3024611	Τ .	31-12-1997
				HU	64363	Α	28-12-1993
				JP	6502631	T	24-03-1994
				NO	931905		26-05-1993
				NO	972028	Α	26-05-1993
WO	0027394	Α	18-05-2000	AU	6481699	Α	29-05-2000
DE	19836697	Α	17-02-2000	AU	5730799	Α	06-03-2000
				WO	0009496	Α	24-02-2000